BEIRUT (R) - A remote-controlled bomb exploded near a passing Israeli army truck south of Sidon Friday, but there were no casualties, an Israeli military spokesman said. Eyewitnesses in' the South Lebanese port reported seeing two Israeli soldiers injured in the blast. The spokesman said army investigations showed that neither soldiers nor civilians were hurt. The expkision was the first reported attack on Israeli occupation troops in Sidon, a former stronghold of Palestinian commandos before last June's invasion, for over two weeks.

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jerdan Press Foundation و الراي "الراي" الموسنة المحقية الإربنية "الراي"

Largest Soviet ship to visit Aqaba

AMMAN (J.T.) — The largest vessel in the Soviet passenger fleet will arrive in the port of Aqaba Sunday, Mar. 13th, The 800-berth "Maxim Gorky", which is owned by the Black Sea Shipping Company, will put ashore in Jordan to enable its passengers to view some of the country's historic monuments, particularly the ancient city of Petra. During the visit the Soviet ambassador. Mr. Rafik Nishanov, will visit the turbo electrically powered ship, where he will hold a reception in honour of senior ranking Jordanian officials. The vessel will also be open to visits from members of the general public while in port.

Volume 8 Number 2210

AMMAN, SATURDAY MARCH 12, 1983 — JUMADA AL AWWAL 28, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King Hussein Bridge to open Sunday

AMMAN (Petra) — The Public Security Directorate announced Friday that the King Hussein Bridge has become fit for travel. Therefore, those willing to travel to the West Bank may proceed to the bridge on Sunday, Mar. 13.

Israeli soldiers kill Lebanese youth

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli soldiers Friday shot dead a Lebanese youth who tried to escape after being arrested in Lebanon, the spokesman said Friday night. The youth was arrested on suspicion of being linked with a Palestinian commando organisation, military sources said. Where the incident happened was not disclosed.

Israelis demonstrate against government

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - More than 500 Israelis demonstrated here on Thursday night against their government's involvement in Lebanon and its policy of building Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank. Bystanders jeered the demonstrators and shouted pro-government slogans, but police formed a cordon around the marchers and forced onlookers to keep back. Police said it was one of their biggest operations for years. Hundreds of reinforcements were brought in from other towns and special riot control units stood by. The march had originally been banned on the grounds that it posed too great a security problem. But the organisers appealed to the supreme court, which ordered the police to allow the demonstration to go

Junblatt calls for more than withdrawal

BEIRUT (R) — Leftist leader Walid Junblatt said Thursday the temoval of foreign forces from Lebanon was not enough to prevent a new civil war. "It is not enough to think of withdrawals of all foreign armies," he told a news conference at his west Beirut apatiment in his first public appcarance here for several months. The Beirut government is seeking the pullout of Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian forces, but Mr. Junblatt said there was still no compromise between Lebanon's own factions. Mr. Junblatt called for the abolition of the sectarian character of the Lebanese state in favour of a national charter.

Carter meets Gazan leader

TEL AVIV (R) — Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter met Palestinian leaders in the Gaza Strip Thursday as his visit continued to fuel unrest in Israeli-occupied territories. Mr. Carter's meeting on Wednesday with Bethlehem's Mayor Elias Freij sparked the fiereest protest in months by Palestinian nationalists. They condemn Mr. Carter because the Camp David peace accords which he helped mastermind in 1979 failed to grant the Palestinians indpendence. The former president Thursday met former Gaza Mayor Rashad Al Shawa, a Palestinian noderate who was dismissed by the Israelis last year for refusing to properate with occupation autorities. Mr. Carter made no comment after their talks.

INSIDE

 Jordanian handicapped prepare for Olympics, page

Jordan promises more support for Arab Postal Union, page 3 Libya's bizarre power play,

page 4 Our black-and-white view of the world conceals rea-Lity, page 5 Brazil withholds support

for World Cup bid, page 6 Turkey succeeds in attracting investment, page 7 Hawke sworn in as Australia's premier, page 8

Summit urges Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon Non-aligned summit calls for Palestinian state

NEW DELHI (R) — The non-aligned summit Friday night ignored President Reagan's Middle East peace plan and stated their full support for Arab proposals calling for an independent Palestinian state.

A declaration by the 101member Non-Aligned Movement, which was due to be adopted at a final summit session Friday night, strongly condemned Israel and criticised U.S. Middle East policy.

It asked the "international community" to set up a war crimes tribunal "to try Israel under International Law for the crimes committed against the Palestinian people" since the Jewish state was founded in 1948.

This included the massacre by rightist Lebanese Christian militiamen of hundreds of Palestinian refugees in Beirut refugee camps last vear.

The summit accused Washington of violating its commitment to guarantee the safety of Palestinian refugees after the withdrawal of Palestinian forces from Lebanon in the wake of Israel's June invasion.

It demanded a total and unconditional Israeli withdrawal from all Palestiman and other Arab territories occupied since the 1967 Middle East war, including Jer-

The declaration did not mention President Reagan's peace. plan, announced last Sept. 1, which called for a Palestinian entity in association with Jordan in the Israeli-held West Bank and

It backed an Arab plan worked out at Fez, Morocco, two weeks state and implied Arab rec-

WASHINGTON (R) — Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir

arrived Friday for talks with U.S.

Secretary of State George Shultz

on withdrawal of all foreign forces

from Lebanon, saying neg-

Officials of both countries cau-

tioned against expectations that a

breakthrough in the long drawn-

out negotiations would be reached

during the Washington meetings.

scheduled for Sunday and Mon-

But Mr. Shamir told reporters

in an airport statement: "Our

negotiations with Lebanon in the

last months have reached an imp-

ortant stage and we have felt it

necessary to review them with the

United States government in an

effort to find maximum und-

Following Mr. Shamir into

Washington this weekend will be

Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie

Salem. He was invited for talks

with Mr. Shultz after the Israeli's

erstanding and coordination."

otiations had reached an into-

ortant stage.

ognition of Israel. It rejected all other formulae. Calling for Palestinian selfdetermination, the summit said the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), a member of the movement, was their sole leg-

A section on Lebanon called for withdrawal of Israeli troops and urged all countries "to endorse Lebanese efforts to secure the withdrawai of all non-Lebanese

itimate representative.

This was at the insistence of Lebanese President Amin Gemayel, who said an earlier draft was inadequate because it did not cover Syrian and Palestinian forces still in his country. Summit resolutions also called

indirectly for withdrawal of Soviet forces from Afghanistan and backed Argentina's 150-year-old claim to the British-held Falkland Islands. But last-minute wrangling bet-

ween Iran and Iraq delayed a final statement on the Gulf war, a major concern at the five-day conference of leaders from 101 Asian. African. Latin American and European states.

A strong statement of the Third World's stand on the desperate plight of developing nations was also put up for formal approval by the summit, the Third World's chief political forum.

Condemning South Africa for "systematic and barbarous acts of the conference called for a United America.

Shamir: Talks reached important stage

trip was arranged.
Mr. Shamir said there were no

plans for him to meet Mr. Salem...

When asked if he would welcome

a chance of such a meeting, he

Mr. Shamir said the United Sta-

tes shared the goal of early wit-

hdrawal from Lebanon of all for-

eign forces--Israeli, Syrian and

Both the U.S. and Israel, he

said, wanted restoration of Leb-

anese sovereignty and a Lebanese

border secure against commando

Mr. Shamir also said his talks

would include bilateral U.S.-

The meetings represent a new

degree of U.S. involvement in the

Lebanon talks which have been

held alternately in Lebanon and

Israel since January, with the par-

ticipation of U.S. special envoy

Mr. Shultz has up to now left

Israeli matters in addition to the

attacks into Israel.

Lebanon issue.

Philip Habib.

said, "maybe."

Nations Security Council meeting to consider action to achieve early independence for South Africanruled Namibia (South West Afr-

It accused the United States of pursuing the "extraneous issue" of a withdrawal of Cuban troops from Angola, which Washington and Pretoria have made a condition for Namibian ind-

The summit called for the withdrawal of all foreign forces in Kampuchea, without naming Vietnam, and urged all states in the region to settle their differences through talks.

After bitter argument, nonaligned foreign ministers decided last week to leave Kampuchea's disputed seat in the movement

The summit declaration also avoided mentioning the Soviet Union by name in its resolution on Afghanistan, where Soviet forces intervened in 1979 just before a coup which installed a pro-Moscow government.

It called for a political set-tlement in Afghanistan on the basis of withdrawal of all foreign forces and the right of almost four million Afghan refugees in Pakistan and Iran to return home saf-

The summit said it supported constructive steps" towards a political settlement by United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

A U.N. envoy is conducting indirect talks between Pakistan and Afghanistan. A new round is due in Geneva next month.

Non-aligned leaders urged Moscow and Washington to keep

direct negotiations to Mr. Habib

and U.S. Ambassador Morris Dra-

per and has resisted suggestions

that he fly to the Middle East. But

there has been speculation that he

might make such a trip later this

U.S. officials have been inc-

Progress is seen as vital if Pre-

sident Reagan's six-month-old

Middle East peace plan for Pal-

estinian self-rule in the West Bank

The United States has been at

odds with Israeli demands for

some sort of normalisation of rel-

ations with Lebanon as part of a

withdrawal package, sympathising

with Lebanon's view that this

would isolate it in the Arab World.

It has also been insisting on total

withdrawal of Israeli forces, ruling

out Israeli proposals to maintain a

presence in southern Lebanon to

guard against infiltration.

is to be kept alive.

reasingly impatient over the slow

pace of the negotiations on Leb-

His Majesty King Hussein Friday chots with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan upon the King's arrival from the non-aligned summit in New

Delhi. Prince Mohammad (right) was at hand to greet the King upon his return. (Petra photo)

King returns from summit

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein returned home Friday after heading the Jordanian delegation to the seventh nonaligned summit conference which opened in New Delhi on Mar. 7.

King Hussein addressed the summit's opening session on behalf of the Asian group and delivered Jordan's speech on the second day of the summit.

The King was met at Amman Airport by His Highness Prince Mohammad, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the speaker of the National Consultative Council, the speaker of the Upper

United States have reached an

impasse in talks on the amount of

military aid Athens should receive

in return for allowing the U.S.

maintain bases in Greece, inf-

sis and State Department official

Reginald Bartholomew met Thu-

rsday night but no date was set for

a resumption of the negotiations.

The latest round in the five-

month-old talks began last Mon-

day, when Mr. Bartholomew ret-

urned from consultations in Was-

hington on Greek demands for

In return for the bases-two on

Crete, two in Attica near Athens

and a number of smaller ins-

tallations elsewhere--Greece

wants \$1 billion in aid to

modernise its armed forces, and

particularly to buy early warning

systems to monitor planes ent-

ering its Aegean airspace, the sou-

Greece is eager to maintain the

balance of power between itself

The Socialist government of Prime Minister Andreas Pap-

andreou has said it wants to con-

tinue receiving at least 70 per cent

increased military assistance.

Greek negotiator Yannis Kap-

ormed sources said Friday.

the sources said.

rces said.

Greek-U.S.

talks reach

deadlock

House of Parliament, the chief chamberlain, the commanderin-chief of the Armed Forces, ministers, and high-ranking officials.

Court chief, the court minister, and the information minister also returned home with the King. On his way home from New

Delhi, the King made a brief stopover in Bahrain New Delhi with the vice president

On Thursday, the King met in of Nigeria, the president of Liberia, the president of Algeria, the president of the Democratic Republic of Yemen, and the president

of the Arab Republic of Yemen. The meetings were part of the King's efforts to coordinate the positions of the member states on

The prime minister, the Royal the topics listed on the summit's agenda, particularly the Palestinian issue, the Iran-Iraq war. and the Israeli occupation of Leb-

The King asserted during these meetings that the Iran-Iraq war should be ended on the basis of justice, reason and good neiphbourliness. He also asserted that Israel should immediately withdraw from all Lebanese ter-

Injured Turkish envoy dies in Yugoslavia

BELGRADE (R) - Turkey's Armenians in castern Turkey dur-Galip Balkar, died Friday of inj-ATHENS (R) - Greece and the uries received when two gunmen shot him from ambush in central Belgrade two days ago, the Turkish embassy said.

Mr. Balkar is the latest victim in a 10-year campaign by Armenian militants against diplomats and other Turks living abroad.

At least 25 people have been killed in the campaign which is in revenge for what the militants say was the massacre of 1.5 million

World the massacre charge. In Wednesday's attack a Yug-

oslav student was killed while trying to prevent the attackers from escaping and a retired Yugoslav army colonel was seriously wounded in crossfire. Yugoslav police said Thursday

that both gunmen were under arrest. One of them was wounded in a gunbattle with security men following the attack.

Esraelis say bid to storm Haram Al Sharif foiled

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) Israeli security forces arrested 45 heavily-armed Jewish extremists Friday and foiled a bid by the group to storm Haram Al Sharif and seize Muslim holy places. police said.

They said group members had intended barricading themselves in the area and building a symbolic settlement.

Police said the group was inspired by Rabbi Yisrael Ariel who last year was involved in nationalist resistance to the Israeli

withdrawal from Sinai. It included several regular soldiers and members of the violently anti-Arab Kach (Thus) Orgunisation.

The authorities had advance information about the group. Israeli newspapers said the Shin Beth Internal Security Service had been investigating it for several weeks.

A court has still to deliver its verdict in the case of a Alan Goodman, an American immigrant to Israel, who was barricaded himself on the Haram Al Sharif last year and killed four people before being captured.

At his trial, he pleaded insunity. Police said the group involved in the latest incident intended penetrating the Haram Al Sharif through an ancient underground tunnel.

But only 10 reached the tunnel entrance where security men were waiting for them.

Ariel's house in the Jewish Quarter of the old city. They surrendered peacefully after police and anti-terror squads surrounded

the building.
Police Commissioner Arie Ivsan met Muslim religous leaders Friday morning to tell them of the arrests and appeal for calm.

The old city was reported tense but quiet Friday as Muslims attended Friday prayers in the mos-

Strauss to remain out of Kohl's cabinet

BONN (R) - West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl expects to be ready to name his new rightcentre coalition cabinet by March 21 and it will almost certainly not include controversial right-wing leader Franz Josef Strauss, party sources said Friday.

Mr. Kohl, returned to power in the March 6 general election, is confident there will be agreement on broad policy directions by the three coalition partners before he goes to Brussels to preside over the European Community summit, they said. Mr. Strauss, leader of the

odds over Cyprus and territorial rights in the Aegean. Greece is said to have insisted that the level of military assistance should be fixed before it signs an agreement on the bases while the United States has insisted on the

and Turkey, with which it is at Bavarian-based Christian Social Union (CSU) which is allied with Mr. Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU), has now virtually given up hope of the Foreign Minister's job he covets and is not interested in other cabinet posts, CSU Party

The mass-circulation newspaper Bild said this week that Mr. Strauss, 67, had decided to keep his power base in Bavaria where he is also state premier.

"I don't want to be number three in Bonn," he was quoted as telling aides, indicating that he has given up the power struggle with current Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher.

On nuclear disarmament

Mr. Kohl's newly re-elected government will make clear to the United States it gives high priority to nuclear disarmament, a West German minister was quoted Fri-

day as saying. Alois Mertes, minister of state at the Foreign Ministry, told the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung the outcome of last Sunday's gen-

eral election, which Mr. Kohl's centre-right coalition won by a landslide, should not be misunderstood in Washington.

The U.S. must not think Bonn is now less concerned to reach balanced and verifiable disarmament agreements, he said. Mr. Mertes' remarks echoed

worries expressed privately by several Bonn officials that President Reagan might misinterpret Mr. Kohl's victory as a mandate to deploy new U.S. medium-range nuclear missiles in West Germany later this year.

One senior official, who declined to be named, said Defence Minister Manfred Woemer would tell U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger in Brussels on March 21 that the West should take the initiative soon in the Geneva arms control talks with the Soviet Union.

OPEC ministers face new obstacles LONDON (R) - OPEC minbarrels daily.

isters ran into new obstacles Friday as they struggled to clinch an agreement setting themselves new oil production quotas, intended to limit an inevitable fall in worldcrude oil prices to around 15 per The 13 members of OPEC (the

Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries), meeting in response to the persistent glut in the market, were still wide apart on quotas, Oil Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba of the United Arab Emirates said. Conference sources said com-

peting output demands of Saudi Arabia, Iran and Venezuela were problem.

The ministers failed to hold a scheduled full session of a threeday-old conference at noon GMT Friday and Dr. Oteiba told reporters it would not convene until the gap was narrowed in informal hotel suite huddles.

·Venezuela's Humberto Cal-

deron Berti said: "It is very difficult. I don't think it is possible to finalise today and we may continue tomorrow.'

Conference sources say OPEC generally agrees it will have to make a tactical retreat on its benchmark or reference price, lowering this from \$34 now to \$29 a

But many market experts consider this still artificially high. They think the price could tumble to a "market clearing level" of \$20 to \$25, as cash-pinched sellers frantically undercut one another in an over-supplied buyers' mar-

To have any prospect of holding the line at \$29, they say, OPEC must clinch an agreement that has eluded it at its last three conferences and pin all 13 members to agree, individual output quotas within an overall OPEC ceiling.

As in the past, there is general accord here that the overall ceiling should be around 17.5 million

That in itself measures how far OPEC's economic power has waned-in 1979 it pumped nearly 32 million barrels daily, before its market was eroded by recession and a rise in output by cut-price

non-OPEC sellers like Britain and

Mexico.

The squabbles now are over how to carve up the dwindled market, with Saudi Arabia, the biggest exporter. Iran, its ideological foe, and Venezuela, beset by debt problems, lodging quota demands that are proving difficult

to accommodate, delegates said in

The largest Soviet passenger vessel. page 6.

18 feared killed in Venezuelan plane crash

CARACAS (R) - At least 18 people were killed when a Venezuelan Airliner crashed Friday on landing at Barquisimeto Airport, 320 kilometre West of Caracas, a civilian aviation spokesman said.

He said earlier radio reports that 40 people had been killed were exaggerated. The plane, a DC-9 owned by

Aerovias Venezolanas (Avensa),

Radio reports said the plane crashed after the landing gear failed and that there was at least one

out of a window.

managed to survive the accident were in the front of the aircraft. Mr. Lairet was one of three congressmen who survived the

Radio reports said the pilot, Jose Albornoz, escaped by leaping

of the amount of U.S. defence aid Turkey receives. The powerful Greek lobby in Washington has According to unofficial reports, one air hostess was killed and two been pressing the Reagan administration to maintain this level.

explosion after it hit the runway. German Lairet, a leftist congressman for the Socialist Mov-

orters that most of those who was on a regular domestic flight from Caracas Maiquetia Airport with 45 passengers and five crew on board.

imiento Al Socialismo Party who was aboard the plane, told repothers were injured.

U.S. poll doubts Israel's intentions for peace WASHINGTON (USIA) -Many Americans doubt that the leaders of Israel sincerely want to be at peace with Arab nations, according to a Washington Post-

ABC poll published March 6. But, paradoxically, the poll found that the American public's sympathies for Israel have recovered somewhat from the drop that occurred after the massacre of Palestinians by Lebanese Christian forces in Beirut last Sep-

tember. In the poll of 1,504 Americans conducted Feb. 25. to March 2, participants were asked: "Could you say the leaders of Israel sin-

cerely want to be at peace with the conducted shortly after the Beirut Arab nations or not?" forty-four per cent said "No" while 38 per cent said "Yes" and 18 per cent had no opinion. When the same question was asked about leaders of the Arab nations, only 29 per cent thought they want peace while 52 per cent said they do not want peace and 19 per cent expressed no opinion.

The current poll showed 52 per

cent of those questioned said their

sympathies are more with Israel

than with Arab nations. This was

below the 55 per cent who sup-

ported Israel in a March 1982 poll,

but up from 48 per cent in a poll

massacre last September. Only 16 per cent of respondents said their sympathies were more with the Arab nations, compared with 18 per cent a year ago and 27 per cent in September.

Another finding was that few Americans believe Ariel Sharon was punished sufficiently for his "indirect responsibility" for the Beirut massacre. The Israeli commission that investigated the massacre recommended that Sharon resign as defence minister or be fired. Sharon resigned but was kept as a cabinet minister without

Only 16 per cent of respondents to the Post-ABC poll viewed Sharon's punishment as about right or too severe.' Forty-one per cent said it was not severe enough.

Another indication of the shift

in support back to Israel stowed

up in another question asking

whether Israel or Egypt was the

better ally of the United States. Forty-five per cent in the current said Israel was the better ally, while 28 per cent favoured Egypt. When the same question was asked in September, Egypt was favoured 46 to 36.

FEATURES

By Andrew Gilmour Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Preparations are underway for Jordan's participation in the International Olympic games for the han-dicapped. The games, which are to be held in the Ludwig Guttman Sports Centre for the Disabled at Stoke Mandeville in England. will take place towards the end of this coming summer.

In many ways it reflects the personal campaign of Dr. Moh-ammed Khair Mamser, Dean of the Faculty of Physical Education at the University of Jordan, as well as the federation for sports for the handicapped, to encourage activities and facilities for disabled

1982 was the Year of the Disabled. Until now, there were no regular sporting programmes in Jordan for the handicapped and it was thus decided to establish various committees. Qualified training is essential, and with the help of an expert from West Germany. Dr. Shule, a course lasting two weeks was given on this subject to sixty-four trainees, all of whom were volunteers.

Training was now available. Facilities, on the other hand, were still lacking and, during the last university vacation in January 1983, Dr. Maruser invited 120 handicapped children to visit and use the equipment belonging to the faculty. The boys and girls were divided into four categories: those suffering from mental dis-orders, the deaf, the blind and those physically disabled using wheel chairs. The children came from the thirty-two institutes and schools for the handicapped in Jordan, such as Al Hussein Society for Paraplegic Care. The

games played were gymnastics. athletics, table tennis, weight lifting, indoor soccer and various recreational activities. It is beped that these meetings will take place in every university vacation from now on. Dr. Mamser told the Jordan Times.

There is a competitive side to the meetings, with teams and competitions for sports like archery, volleyball and wheelchair basketball, but Dr. Mamser is much more interested in stressing the recreational aspect, for "psy-chological and social purposes". The idea behind these activities is to allow several hundred handicapped people to live in a better emotional and physical condition. he said. They may produce one or two excellent athletes but this. said Dr. Mamser, is emphatically not intended to be the reason for the activities -- simply a chance; desirable result.

Sports for the handicapped is a growing concern everywhere. An international conference held in the United States last November was attended by 157 experts, among them Dr. Mamser, from forty-five different countries.

Kuwait and Egypt. for instance, have clubs and centres for the handicapped, but Jordan is the first country in the Middle East to initiate organised sports programmes for them. The games recently held at the University were part of this programme. which is supervised by Mr. Hasnem Scani, coach of the national athletics team. The programme envisages a large increase in general cooperation and encouragement. The Ministry of Education has been asked to add activities for the disabled into the curriculum for community colleges. The request to the handicapped sports federation for the



Dr. Mohammad K.Mamser

establishment of a special gymnasium has been granted and there has also been a general appeal to private sports club throughout Jordan to encourage handicapped people to participate in the sports. 1982 was the Year of Disabled. Already in 1983 the ball seems to be starting to roll.

Jordanian handicapped prepare for International Olympics E.Germany can't afford to run S.Bahn

By Paul Bolding

EAST BERLIN - Once the most efficient urban transport system in Europe, Berlin's S-Bahn railway is now more like a ghost train which East Germany says it can no longer afford to run

The S-Bahn (for Stadt-Bahn or city rail) in the Berlin of the 1920s and 1930s brought residents of distant suburbs into the centre and around it on a circular line.

But with the system's purpose virtually gone since Communist East Germany built the wall around West Berlin in 1961, East Germany is pressing for early talks on one of the greatest anomalies of post-war Berlin -- its running of the railway in the west of the

Under 10.000 passengers a day now brave its wooden seats and bone-shaking ride compared to some 400,000 in pre-wall days and the track has shrunk from 145

to 53 kilometres. East German Transport Minister Otto Arndt, in an interview with West German television -- a rare phenomenon in itself -- said last week that East Germany could no longer bear the 1.5 bil-lion marks (\$625 million) it has lost over 10 years in running the system for the West Berliners and

wanted a quick start to neg-

otiations. The problem dates back to 1945 when the Soviet forces that took Berlin allowed the Deutsche Reichsbahn, now the East German railway, to carry on running the

The three Western allies, Britain. France and the United States, accepted the arrangement at a time when no one foresaw the division of Germany and its once majestic capital as lasting.

The milway has a special place in the hearts of many Berliners. Most of the thousands who fled East Germany before the wall took the train to the Marienfelde refugee camp in the Western sec-

Even after the wall East Germans could use the S-Bahn to cross the city on non-stopping trains, their windows blanked out. But so many fled the Communic state by pulling the com-munication cord that East Germany built its own line looping

West Berlin to the south Now lines lie idle in West Berlin and where the network still passes through East Berlin stations they are closed, heavily guarded and dimly-lit, ghostly places at night.

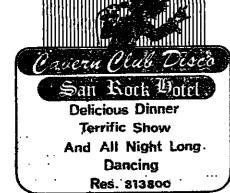
Among the complex issues to be resolved if the S-Bahn is handed to the West Berliners is who will run the tracks

HOTELS

One of the best hotels in Amman AMBASSADOR





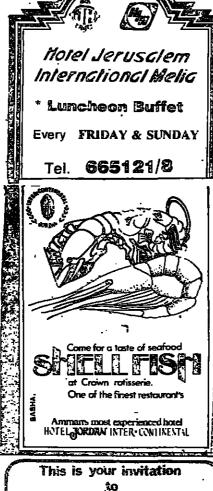


ti.

But

Yus







TRANSPORTATION







Wassim

RENT-A-CAR

7el. 44579-43515

Cameo Hotel

call: Jordan Press Foundation Tel. 667171

MISCELLANEOUS



EYES EXAMINED CONTACT LENSES

Seven days a week

Amman, Tel. 42043



Moderate Prices Same Day Delivery

Tel. 42043

RESTAURANTS

MANDARIN CHINESE RESTAURANT AMMAN AND AQABA

Offer typical Chinese Mandarin cuisines and take away For quick lunch: 1 soup 1 main dish. 1 rice 1 tea or soft drink JD 2

Fully airconditioned

Amman

Tel. 661922 P.O. Box 9676 Wadi Sagra Road Near Holiday Inn Hotel

AQABA Tel. 4633 P.O. Box 598 Amman Road Near the Main Circle

Restaurant

Opp. Akilah Matemity Hos-

pital, 3rd Circle, Jabal

Try our special "FLAMING

POT" fondue or Peking Duck

on your next visit. Take-Away

Welcome & Thank you.

Amman, Tel. 41093.

orders welcome.

TAIWAN量 TOURISMO

ROMERO

he Italian Restaurant

12:30 --- 3:30 6:30 - midnight

Jabal Amman, 3rd Circle

Tel: 44227 Closed on Mondays

Stop Here Once ... & You'll Come Again Abu Nawwas Bar

Happy Hour 5 From 7 to 8 P.m. Drinks half Price

Hala Inn Hotel, Jahal Amman Near Khalidi Hospital Tel. 43106, 43856



RESTAURANT CHINA

The first & best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan Ist Circle, Jabal Amman, near Ahliyyah Girls School

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. - Midnight Tei. 38968





AQABA



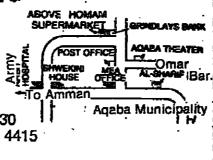
New ?? New ?? Oriental Restaurant Korean-Japanese-Chinese Best food you ever taste!

Aqaba, Tel. 4339/41 TLX 62275 JO





The first and best Chinese restaurant in Aqaba. Take-away service available. Open daily 11:30 - 3:30 6:30 - 11.00 p.m. Tel. 4415





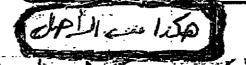
OPTIKOS SHAMI

OPTO METRISTS

THE AQABA AQUAMARINA HOTEL-CLUB OFFERS YOU ON THE BEACH FLOOR A SPECIAL OFFER

SINGLE ROOM: JD 7.500 REGULAR PRICE: JD 14.280 DOUBLE ROOM: JD 9.000 REGULAR PRICE: JD 17.640 ALL ROOMS WITH T.V., MINI BAR & VIDEO (TILL 2 A.M.) THE ONLY PLACE WHERE YOU CAN ENJOY ALL WATER SPORTS ACTIVITIES.

FOR MORE INFORMATIONS AND RESERVATIONS PLEASE DO CALL US: TEL. 4333/4/5/6 TLX: 622/9 AQUAMA JO.





EGNIENENS

Delhi summit informed of Israeli outrages against Islamic shrines

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The Bureau of the General Islamic Congress for Jerusalem in Amman has sent a message to the non-aligned conference in New Delhi detailing some of the outrages perpetrated against Islamic holy places.

The message outlined the harassment of Muslims going to pray in the Al Aqsa mosque, and especially the planting of explosives by Israeli extremists to wound vis-

AMMAN (Petra) - The first

pharmaceutical conference, org-anised by the Jordanian Pha-

rmacists Association (JPA), will

begin Saturday under the pat-ronage of His Royal Highness

Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent.

Around 300 Jordanian pha-

rmacists from both the public and

private sectors will participate in

the conference, which will be held

at the Professional Association

Complex.
JPA President Nizar Jardaneh

in his capacity as chairman of the

committee supervising the three-

day conference, said in a press

conference Thursday that the par-

ticipants will discuss ways in which

pharmacists can help in for-

mulating a comprehensive health

First Jordanian national

to commence Saturday

The despatch, which was addressed to Mrs. Gandhi, the summit's president, also mentioned how much land belonging to the Islamic Trust on the West Bank had been "usurped" for the use of

"Zionist" settlements. The bureau also described how new Israeli immigrants are given every assistance by the state, while the indigenous Palestinians are denied their legitimate rights and privileges. It also accused the Israelis of seeking to uproot the local Arab inhabitants by methods con-

social security, and health ins-urance in Jordan and the role pla-

yed by the pharmaceutical ind-

ustry in health insurance. The resolutions which will be adopted by

the conference will have a great

impact on the role and future of

the health professions in Jordan.

trary to human rights.

The bureau, which itself was deported from Jerusalem in 1967. called on the summit to "support the cause of the Palestinians" and help its people to "achieve its goals and to restore its rights".

The Council of Islamic Organisation and Societies in Jordan also added its voice to these calls by way of a cable to the summit. The council urged the summit to discuss Israel's behaviour and to foundly condemn its jeopardising of world peace.

ALO delegates pharmaceutical conference pay visit to Jordan Valley

THE JORDAN VALLEY insurance plan, which will hop-(Petra) - The chairmen and efully soon be implemented in members of the delegations participating in the meetings of the Mr. Jardaneh said the par-11th Arab Labour Organisations ticipants will listen to working conference, currently being held papers on the French, Spanish and British experiences in health insin Amman, Friday visited the fourth Royal Mechanised Division. urance implementation, and the The divisional commander briefed way pharmacists can influence the visitors on the division's tasks them. Other working papers will be presented on the health service. and duties.

They were also told about Al Karamah battle, which halted the Israel advance in 1967, by the commander of one of the formations. They then visited the Martyrs Monument and placed a wreath on it. The delegations also visited the Dead Sea, the Prince Mohammad Bridge and the Jordan Valley Authority.

ALO discusses proposal to expel Israel from membership of ILO

delegate. Issa Yassin, Thursday called on the 11th Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) conference to pass a resolution expelling Israel from the International Labour Organisation (ILO). He also called for the standardisation of labour statistics and manpower planning, an improvement in employment conditions, and for the development methods to safeguard safety at work.

Lebanon's delegate Antoine Bisharah called on the Arab countries to support Lebanon in its efforts to regain full sovereignty over all its territory. Tunisia's delegate Al Tayyib Bakkoush called for the recognition of trade union liberties in the Arab World for the

AMMAN (Petra) - The Kuwaiti regulation of the transfer of Arab manpower within the Arab countries, and for a special status to be given to the Palestinian workers in view of their suffering at the hands of Israel. He also called for the development of legislation concerning working

> Iraq's delegate Ahnaf Muhvildeen said the Arab World is facing a vicious Zionist onslaught, as well as a war on its eastern flank imposed by Iran on Iraq in order to stop Arab development and progress. He said Iraq has always shown its desire to reach a peaceful settlement with Iran, and responded positively with all Islamic and international initiatives

In its morning session, the conference reviewed the reports of the organisational committee and the committees representing the governments, businessmen and workers. The conferees then decided to eiect Abd Al Hasan Muslim, an Iraqi national, to the post of assistant-director-general of the ALO bureau after the post became vacant following the resignation of Dr. Akram Nash'at Ibrahim. Fadhil Mahmoud Gharib, secretary-general of the Iraqi workers trade unions federation. was elected to serve as a member of the board of the directors of the ALO, and Mohammad Al Sayyid of Jordan was elected as a member of the board of directors of the Arab institutes for labour education and research.

bathrooms and veranda.

Zaben pledges **APU** support

AMMAN (Petra) — Telecommunications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben has said that the Jordanian government will continue its support for the Dubai-based Arab Postal Union (APU) to enable it to implement and develop its programme and activities in a number of fields.

Dr. Zaben was speaking during his Thursday meeting with APU Secretary-General Hussein Al Hamadani, who is currently visiting Jordan, for consultations on the activities and work of the APU on the Arab and international levels. Dr. Zaben said Jordan believes in the effective role which the APU is playing in coordinating postal services. It is particularly useful, he said, in giving advice and facilitating the exchange of administrative, technical and financial expertise among the member Arab countries, which can only lead to a general improvement in the standard of service provided.

Mr. · Hamadani briefed Dr. Zaben on the APU activities over the last two years and its plans for the future which are mainly concentrate on expanding the training programmes for Arab postal employees. He said the Jordanian postal service is an example which should be used as a blueprint for other Arab postal admards to the extension of postal services to country-side and desert

Meanwhile, Tel-ecommunications Ministry

Under-Secretary Mansour Ibn Tarif said the ministry is currently making an assessment of all the positive and negative attributes of the postal service in the country before initiating the imp-lementation of an ambitious plan to boost these services.

Mr. Tarif was speaking at the end of a tour which included several post offices in the Zarga district Thursday. During the visit he was briefed by the post office directors on the field problems obstructing the expansion of an efficient and speedy postal and telephone service, particularly in Al-Sukhnah and Al Dalil areas. He also listened to requests seeking the modernisation of post office buildings and the expansion of the telephone networks. He said all problems relating to telephone provision would be resolved when the project to develop and modernise the telephone networks. currently being implemented by the Telecommunications Cor-

inistrations, especially with reg- poration, is completed. He said the ministry will increase the programmes for training post office employees to give them more administrative and technical exp-

Daoud details centre for handicapped

AMMAN (Petra) — The Nutional Society for the Care of the Mentally Retarded (NSCMR) Thursday gave a charity dinner at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel under the patronage of Her Highness Princess Basma, the honourary chairman of the NSCMR NSCMR President Fawzi Daoud made a speech explaining that the NSCMR philosophy is based on providing the retarded children with the appropriate educational, social and environmental

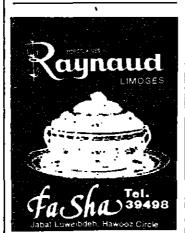
He said one of the most important projects the NSCMR has implemented over the last four years was the centre for the training and education of mentally retarded children from the nursery stage through to the vocational level. The cost of the centre is JD 1 million, which is being paid for through a donation given by Mrs. Nazik Al Hariri, and the project implementation has airendy begun, he stated. When complete it will have six functions--teaching, medical treatment, training, general advice. social services, and vocational tra-



ARCHITECTURAL SIGNS EXHIBITION

You are cordially invited to attend the first architectural signs exhibition in Jordan, which will be held at the Marriott Hotel Amman on the 14th, 15th, 16th of March,

1983 from 9.00 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. daily.



Jordan Times

Tel: 666265

IMPORTANT NOTICE

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR

RENT

Deluxe, furnished apartment on University Road, Two

bedrooms, sitting room, salon and dining room with two

Please call 663708

APARTMENT FOR RENT

One bedroom, furnished apartment with TV, telephone

Call 41345 from 8-8 Friday

other days 8-9 a.m. and 4-9 p.m.

and central heating - 3rd Circle, Jabal Amman.

We are pleased to announce the opening of the new Sow-aiyfia Food Market. We have a wide variety of American and European foods, and unbeatable service and prices.

Business hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. except Fridays. Everyone is welcome.

Sowaiy fia Food Market, Sixth Circle, Commercial

Optikos intercontinental Hotel Specialists: Contacts lenses eyes examined e report in person tel. 42043

INVITATION FOR COMPUTER APPLICATION SOFTWARE TENDER FOR THE DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC SECURITY

The Directorate of Public Security invites experienced software houses to bid for the supply of computer application software according to the P.S. specification.

Companies interested in participating in this tender are invited to collect the tender documents from the tender committee secretary at the Directorate of Public Security.

Price per copy of tender document is JD 25 (non ref-

Last day for submission of tender is 25/4/1983. Offers should be in triplicate.

A bank guarantee or certified cheque to the amount of 5% of tender value must be submitted with offer.

visual care centre Sight test Optical frames & Sunglasses

Step right in and choose from our 1983 models of optical frames and sunglasses.

> VCC - ophthalmic optician H.K. Salem New insurance building, 3rd Circle Jabal Amman Tel. 41067

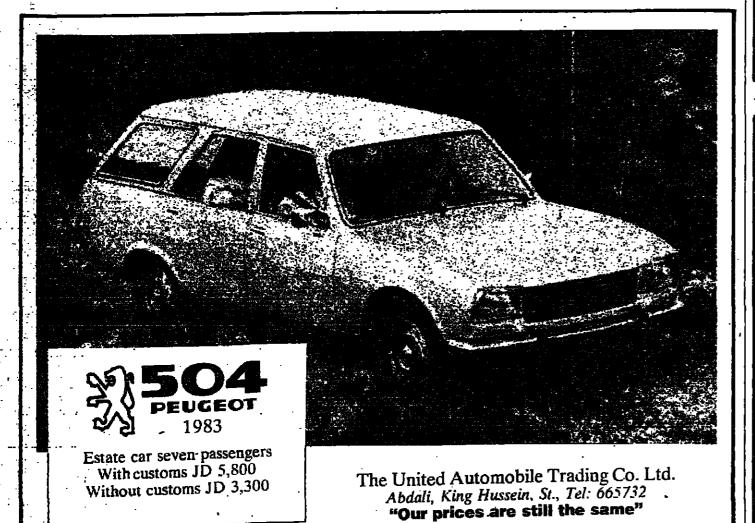


The Haya Arts Centre announces it's Spring Session of Dance Classes for Children and Adults

For Children: Ballet Modern Dance for Teenagers For Adults: Exercise Modern Dance Tap. Classes begin March 20 and continue 10 weeks (excluding holidays)

Instructor: Casey Stangl. professional Dance Teacher and choreographer

Call 665195 for information and registration



MORPHWAY WALLS

NA HANGED AS KATED

desponsible Londo MANAGE PROPERTY. MOTANIMAD ANAD

TECHCES HAWATMEN Coutributing Editor

RAMI G. KNOURI Editorial and advertising offices. Jurdan Press Foundation

University Road, P.O. Sex 6710. Annuals. Inchis Telephonec 566320, 566263 Thier 19497 ALRAL JO

Telegrom JUNITARS, Assentant Jurtant.

The briden Times is published daily except triders.

Insane and incredible

WHEN an Israeli soldier, Alan Goodman, barricaded himself at Jerusalem's Al Aqsa Mosque and shot indiscriminately at Palestinian worshippers killing four and injuring many more last year, the Israelis wasted no time in thinking or claiming that the criminal was insane. If and when the 45 heavily-armed Jewish settlers and soldiers, who had planned to storm Haram Al Sharif yesterday, are brought to trial, the Israelis would not surprise us if they do not find it nearly as incredible to contend that the armed Jewish group was simply trying to hide in the Muslim holy places to escape stones thrown at them by Pal-

Unlike his predecessor, the deposed Gen. Sharon, and the disgraced Chief of Staff, Rafael Eitan, the new Israeli defence minister, Moshe Arens, believes that Jewish settlers on the West Bank cannot take the law in their own hands and storm. fully armed, refugee camps looking for Palestinian youths who throw rocks at them. He wants the West Bank takeover to be perfectly "legal" and the Israeli army alone to be shouldering the protection of an otherwise unruly Jewish crowd usurping an occupied land.

Arens of course is too new to his job to know that his army is still under Gen. Eitan's orders of quelling violently and without mercy any West Bank protest; isn't he? And months he spent in talking diplomacy in Washington should not give way to harsh military orders for the territory in a matter of days either;

It is unlikely ever that Arens and Begin and the rest of the Israeli neo-colonialists will realise how legitimate Palestinian resistance to their occupation is. To them, there is perhaps more likelihood of removing all West Bank stones from Arab hands, lands and homes than to accept legitimate Palestinian rights and aspirations.

But the struggle is continuing, and one day Israelis will have only themselves to blame for a bitter and tormenting exp-

arabic press editorials

Al Ra'i: Is U.S. serious in its intentions?

The Israeli media reports that the former U.S. president Carter told Gaza Mayor Rashad Al Shawwa that the internal situation in the U.S. prevents President Reagan's administration exerting any sort of pressure on Israel. This, if true, makes up question the purpose of the whole visit currently being paid by Carter. Is he simply paving the way for an American abdication from the role it has played in finding a solution to the Arab-Israel conflict, or is the ex-president simply a victim of an Israeli mis-presentation of facts?

If the Israeli allegation proves to be correct, this will suggest the following:

-- The Arab call on the Americans to put pressure on Israel so as to halt its settlement and annexationist policies is unrealistic.

- The U.S. role in the Middle East peace process is purely conciliatory, and has no authority to seek a solution that does not suit

-- The U.S. administration is incapable of offering any guarantees to bring about a peaceful settlement in the region.

We can not take the former president's evaluation of the situation in the U.S. as official, but we believe that if the U.S. administration is incapable of exerting enough pressure on Israel to make it submit to the requirements of peace, then the whole American involvement in the peace process is a cover up for its passive intentions.

Al Dustour: Movement must stop Gulf war

Iran's rejection of all attempts by the Non-Aligned Movement to find a negotiated settlement of the Iran-Iraq war is a surprise to no one. Iran has persistingly thwarted all previous mediation efforts so aimed regardless of the mediator's origin.

The Iranian leadership Thursday reiterated its previous stand, stressing their long-advocated attitude which includes the occupation of the Iraqi capital as a prerequisite for ending its aggression. The Iranian ambitions not only include expansion at the expense of Iraqi territory, but also threaten the whole of the Arab Gulf.

His Majesty King Hussein called on the non-aligned conferees to assume the responsibility for pursuing peace in the Gulf region. He also asked all member nations to take a clear stand in relation to Iranian aggression. The Iraqi vice-president has submitted a proposal to the New Delhi summit to end the war, and it is the ponaligned nations' duty to stop the bloodshed in the Gulf and save the peoples of the region from the escalating costs of the lengthy war. Indeed the war has now plainly been to the advantage of no one

 $\nabla \Omega$

η.h.

ruic

ac his

Bu!

\us

inc

md.

::3

except the arms dealers who have extracted a large profit. The progress of the war has proved beyond doubt that the Iranian regime is ready to keep on sacrificing its youth at the altar of its hegemonistic policies. It is the moral, humanistic and political duty of the non-aligned nations to help find an end to the war.

Sawt Al Shaab: Non-aligned must be firm

His Majesty King Hussein's address to the New Delhi non-aligned summit reflects Jordan's concern over the conflicts between the movement's member-states, and their the consequent negative effects of such conflicis. The King's comments on the Israeli opinion that a Palestinian homeland should be established in Jordan underlined the dangerous threat to both peoples posed by the Israeli's aggressive stand. Such a position simply aims to cover up for Israel's continued practices against the Palestinian people, in order to deceive the international community.

The King's proposal that the New Delhi summit should take effective measures against countries that refuse to abide by intemational legitimacy and the Non-Aligned Movement's decisions, express the need for the movement to act more definitely in relation

to international conflicts. The diverse composition of the Non-Aligned Movement, as the King pointed out, should add to its strength in the face of common difficulties, instead of turning into insoluble hostilities that weaken the movements power. The non-aligned position should be a strong one that enables the member nations to preserve their national independence, develop their economies and enhance their peoples'

VIEW FROM AMERICA

Vibrant and creative cultures

Last week, our family went to visit some Indian friends. There we were shown a movie made in Bombay. What immediately struck me about the film was that the subtitles were first in Arabic; and then in Eng-

I asked him why. And he answered that Indian films are extremely popular in the entire Arab World. After watching the film, I began to understand why. And back home I began to reflect on some of the cultural differences between movies made in Asian countries and those made by Hollywood in the U.S.

The film was very simple, like the old American movie A Star is Born, orur friend said. Except in the American movie the hero, who is overtaken in fame by his wife, dies, whereas in the Indian film, everything ends happily. Indians, he noted, want to see films where things end well. In real life, that is all too often not so.

There was a lot of singing in

the film and since Arabic and Indian music are related (through the Persian connection), I could see why these films would be popular in the Arab World. I remembered from my year of travelling in Afghanistan 25 years ago how popular Indian singing was among all the peoples of that country.

But there was more than singing. There were a mother. aunt, father, friends who were impressive because of their integrity, their simplicity. One of the older women reminded me of pictures of the late Um Kuithum I had seen on a record from Egypt.

. I thought of the few Arab films I had seen, and the many Chinese films made in Hong Kong. I also thought of the great Japanese film director Yasujiro Ozu who thirty, twenty years ago made some of the greatest films ever made, all with an amazing simplicity. Ozu was always popular in Japan, but was then considered "old-fashioned," as Japanese movie-makers began to come under powerful European and American cinematographic inf-

In the U.S., the "Oscar" nominations for best films and actors have been handed out. I doubt if any Indian films were seen by the directors. The Bombay-based Indian movie industry is the biggest in the world. Yet oddly the kind of romantic, adventurous, and very simple films the Bombay film studios put out are not all that different from what we called Grade B and C movies that Hollywood churned out in the 1930's and 1940's when I was a child. Hollywood's biggest role (and source of profit) was manufacturing "dreams" which ordinary people throughout the world consumed. We left it to the Europeans to make films of "high culture." Our films may have been rid-.iculously simple but they weredemocratic and definitely not elitist.

Now Hollywood prides itself on the many "high culture" films it can turn out. And those films, like their European counterparts, mostly make the viewer feel uncomfortable, shocked, forced to think hard when he really wants to be entertained. The late Bertolt Brecht whom I knew slightly before his death believed in using theatre and film to force people to think, and that would revolutionise them, turn them against their oppressors.

I am amazed how much this Brechtian advice has been accepted by U.S. film-makers. There have been so many films that have shown presidents to be fools, generals to be brutal murderers. corporate executives to be scheming and greedy men. Others seeing some of these films might wonder whether they were not made in the Soviet Union as anti-American propaganda, No.

They are made in Hollywood and often shown on nationwide U.S. TV.

Hollywood still magufactures some dreams. The best recent one has been "E.T." The film has a simple story that could have been made in Bombay, though the dirvorced wife would have been given more dignity. But the dream was created by a creature from outer-space who then goes back home on a distant planet.

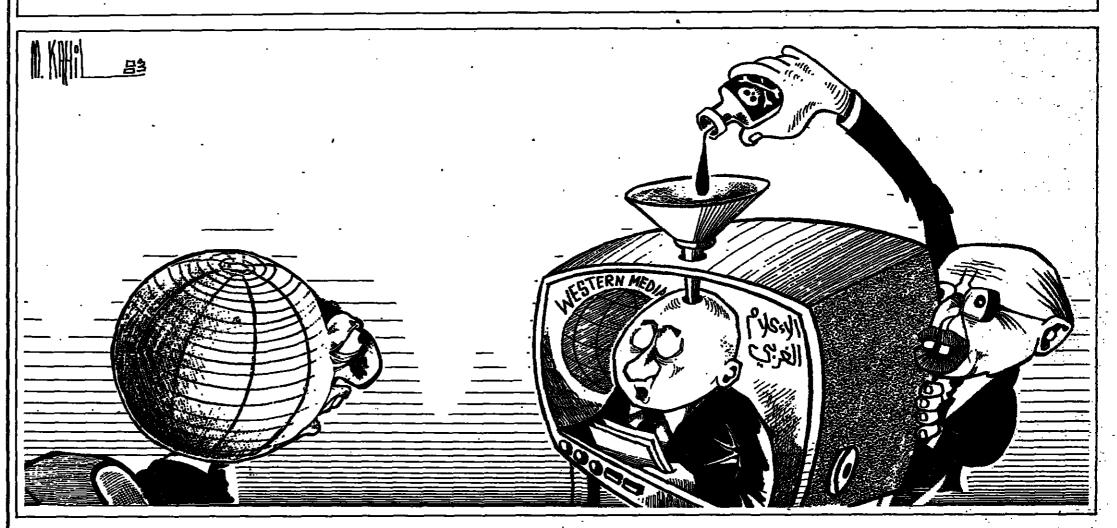
I liked "E.T.," and I enjoyed the Indian film. It made me feel good. But I rarely go to see other Hollywood (or European) films. They make me feel bad and, anyway, they teach me nothing. Even when profound, I distrust the knowledge they profer, and even more the integrity of those who have shaped the knowledge.

What happened to change the U.S. film industry so much,? The simplest answer is that the mass consumers of

films when I was a child are now mass consumers of T.V.: Those who go to the movies are: the elites or people who like to think of themselves as elites. And remember there are milions of people with higher education in the U.S. I think many of these people; deeply unhappy in their own lives, enjoy the bitterness and pessimism of such films.

There has been a recent change in U.S. film-going habits. More and younger people are going to the movies. But what they want to see are films that make one feel good. And so the "dream"-filled movies about outer space have been very successful.

This column is in some ways more intended for my own people than for readers in the Middle East. It is meant to say to them how distant the tight little world of American "high culture" has become from the vibrant and creative cultures of the rest of the world.



Transmigration tries to ease population squeeze on Java

By Robert Mahoney

COPGIREK, Indonesia - The fertile central Indonesian island of Java has one commodity it would dearly like to export - people. More than 90 million of Indonesia's 150 million inhabitants pack Java's habitable land between the volcanoes and paddy fields, making it the most densely populated island in the world.

Yet Java, almost exactly the same size as England, accounts for less than seven per cent of the land in the country's 13,000 islands. strung out more than 3,000 km along the equator.

That is an enormous social headache for the government, as the

ves more and more people to squatter huts amid the stinking canals and rubbish dumps of the capital Jakarta. Government posters extol the virtues of a small family, and the birth rate has been lowered. But overcrowding persists, not least because old people are living longer due to better food and health care.

Under a five-yaer "transmigration programme" ending next year, the government hopes to have shifted half a million Javanese families to farming projects across the country, and aims to move five million more people in the coming five years.

The sleepy village of Copgirek, in Aceh region on the northern tip

squeeze on agricultural land dri- of the island of Sumatra, is one of tares of land and the chance to some 400 new settlements sprouting in the sparsely-populated regions. Where three years ago there was tropical forest, now corrugated zinc roofs glint between the banana leaves, low wooden houses are dotted among the stumps of hardwood trees. Fruit. coffee and cassava grow in new

gardens. The government provides the houses, land, farming tools and a year's supply of rice, sugar, dried fish, cooking oil and kerosene. After that, it is up to the transmigrants themselves.

"In Java we had nothing," says a young wife nursing her baby in the low doorway of a two-room shack. "Here we have two hecearn some money from the crops we grow.

Life is hard at first, as Aceh is less fertile than volcano-covered Java and further from the markets for the settlers' crops. However, most settlers cope with the initial lean years and only about one per cent return to Java. Transmigration is not new to Indonesia, where as long ago as 1905 Dutch colonists shipped thousands of Javanese to work on

plantations in Sumatra. . After independence the Suk-' arno government used the policy to tap the nation's natural wealth, but many projects were illconceived and would-be settlers drifted back to Java. But despite

elopment tool for the present government of President Suharto to

In the early 1970s it started a voluntary migration scheme, partly to relieve chronic overerowding and boost agricultural output, but also in a belief that building up remote areas helps ensure the unity and security of a fragmented country.

Indonesia contains a myrid of different languages and cultures and has witnessed several major rebellions since becoming independent after World War II.

'Transmigration is part of nation-building," says Sya-

fficedin, head of transmigration

its tarnished image, tra- for Aceh, a staunchly Muslim area namigration was too useful a dev- of north Sumatra which fought fieof north Sumatra which fought fiereely against both Dutch and later Japanese rule. The transmigration ministry's Hercules transport aircraft have disgorged Javanese and Balinese pioneers to roll back the jungie in Sumatra. Borneo, Timor, west New Guinea and the

Celebes spice islands. But government officials say the scheme in its present form is unlikley to bring much relief to overcrowded Java. "Transmigration alone will never solve the problem," said an official. "The numbers leaving are only a trickle compared with the flood of babies born every year, not to mention the number of people flocking to Java from the outer islands."

Libya's bizarre power play

By John Cooley

Colonel Qadhafi's latest and perhaps most bizarre encounter with the U.S. administration and military establishment may have temporarily strengthened his sag-

ging prestige in Libya.

It has also given President Reagan's men in Washington at least a brief and possibly welcome distraction from their failure so far to dislodge the Israelis from Lebanon or from their opposition to the Reagan plan for the Palestinian problem.

Col. Oadhafi now has a firm Libyan adversaries, two of whom in his army chose freedom by hijacking a Libyan airliner to Maha on Feb. 21, now live mainly in the Sudan, grouped in the so-called Libyan National Salvation Front, headed by Mohammad Al Mugarieff, Col. Qadhafi's most serious Libyan opponent.

Mugarieff defected while serving as Libyan ambassaor to India in 1980. From the Sudan, he broadcasts almost daily calls to Libvans to revolt. His transmitter gives details of the latest arrests in the armed forces and other sensitive Libyan news. Mugarieff's political platform, announced when the front was formed in 1981, is to remove Qadhafi and establish "truly democratic" parliamentary rule in Libya, in place of Qadhaff's populist regime of town meeting-type counc

Several weeks ago, a Libyan build-up of air and ground forces. was apparently detected through intercepted communications and by a U.S. agent in Tripoli, even before the build-up was photographed by air or satellite recaissance.

build-up may well have been intended, at least in part, to strike at the Mugarieff radio transmitter. His radio exchanges constant insults with the Libyan-based Voice place in the ranks of the Arab of the Sudanese Revolutionary world's survivors. Col. Qadhafi's People, which calls for revolt against President Numeiri and the "smashing" of Numeiri's plans for integration with Egypt.
The sequence in which the rep-

Libyan emigres believe the

orted Libyan designs against the Sudan and the American response developed may contain some clues about the real reasons for both. Col. Qadhafi's preparations seem to have provided the Pen-

tagon with an opportunity to test his resolve and that of his Soviet friends, to defend Libyan territory which NATO's Southern Command under Admiral William Crowe of the U.S. in Naples regards as a kind of potential giant enemy aircraft carrier, threatening Europe's southern flank. Sometime after the U.S. "mo-.

preparations against the Sudan, it became known that the Russians had nearly completed a large new airbase for Qadhafi. It is located at Al-Jufra, in central Libya, about 200 miles south-west of the Gulf of Sirte, where the U.S. navy shot down two Libyan planes in the Reagan administration's first "battle" with Qadhafi in August, 1981.

With its 14.000-ft runway, Al-Jufra, U.S. intelligence experts say, seemed designed to accommodate the largest Soviet planes, including the formidable Backfire-B bomber. Libyan emigres reported that Soviet aircraft as well as Libyan planes were aiready using the base for long-range logistical flights in Africa.

The Pentagon feared that Al-Jufra and the other bases in Libya. gave the Russians a platform from which they could more easily monitor the installation of U.S. Cruise missiles scheduled to be in place by December at Comiso, Sicily, and at other NATO installations

in Italy, Greece, and Turkey. When Washington ordered four AWACS radar planes to Egypt. and the aircraft carrier Nimitz to Libyan waters, the White House tried to keep this secret.

When the U.S. military moves were discovered by the press, the White House tried to telephone the equivalent of a British in Tripoli reported the first D-notice -- a practice not off-

icially existing in Washington -to those who were about to break the story. The stories were checked for accuracy, then released, bringing a semi-denial by President Reagan.

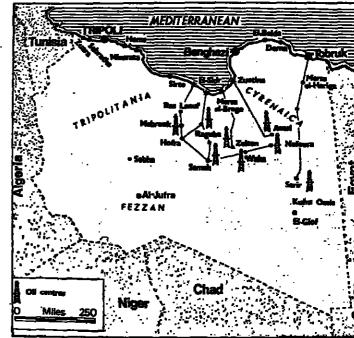
Without fight

By this time, Libyan reconnaissance planes had already approached the Nimitz and the Sudanese-Chad border regions. In both cases, the planes retreated without fighting Egyptians or Americans, and without making attacks that Qadhafi swore in September 1981, that he would make on U.S. ships and installations if the Sixth Fleet ever returned to Libyan waters and skies.

Qadhaff's early reaction was also unexpectedly bland. At first, during a scheduled annual speech to the Libyan General People's Congress he referred briefly and factually to an "approach at dawn" by U.S. units and to deployment of the AWACS to Egypt.

Exploiting this ready-made situation, the revolutionary committees which provide the power of Qadhafi's regime held "spontaneous" demonstrations, in part by uniformed Libyan servicemen and women in Libyan towns and cities.

By shouting down the foreign devil, America, the demonstrators released pent-up resentments aga-



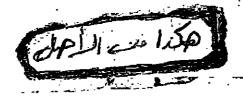
Libya, showing new bases such as Al Jufra, built with Soviet support

inst the Qadhafi regime. These resentments have long been worsened by growing economic problems, especially the shortage of

For completely different reasons, Qadhafi and the U.S. administration - and possibly President Numeiri, (now rather taridly reaffirming the Libyan threat to the Sudan which began with a coup attempt in 1976) have each. emerged fairly well-stasfied with this new blaze of publicity for

Mr. Mubarak and his advisers, on the contrary, are vexed and embarrassed by an American operation which they were obliged to disavow, publicly contradicting President Reagan's description of the threat and of Egyptian "requests" to help meet it.

Mr. Cooley, a staff correspondent for ABC News based in Landon, is the eather of Libyan Sandstorm, a new account of the Qualitafi era publ from the Guardian.



Our black-and-white view of the world conceals reality When I was a little kid, I, being no belonging to two and only two tements being made by him or her grey". We, however, cannot und-



different than other kids, used to enjoy playing cowboys and indians, policemen and villains, good guys and bad guys. To us, back then, the cowboy represented everything that is good, and accordingly, he was not capable of doing anything but good. Simllarly, the villain represented evetything that is evil, and was capable only of evil. Things were simple, clear-cut. There was no continuous or even discrete spectrum, just good and bad, with nothing in

As we grew up, we started realising (I hope) that life is too complex to offer such simple and easy answers. Many times, though, I feel we are still caught in this good guys versus villains game. We tend to categorise and judge people as

hard to understand if someone 'good' commits something justify the action. In other cases, where a "good" action is committed by a "bad" person; we tend into thinking he is "good".

The very perceptive Anthony Nutting, the former British politician and writer on Middle East affairs, once noted that Arabs view things in black and white, with no shades of grey. Take our TV shows, for example. The characters are always too well (or ill) defined as either good or bad. The 'hero" seems more like someone who has descended directly from ort's findings, I nonetheless claim heaven, with direct moral sta-

thing. He seems more of a preacher than just an ordinary per-"bad". In such cases, we tend to son. The "bad guy", on the other hand, says and does nothing but evil in a very obvious, unimaginative, direct, and may I say. to dismiss the action as an evil att- ineffective manner. And, of couempt by the person to decieve us rse, good always triumphs over evil in the end, no matter what.

> On a more serious level, examine how we dealt with report by the Israeli Commission of Inquiry (Kahan committee) into the Sabra and Shatila massacres. We dismissed it out of hand. Sometimes I wonder if we issued our verdict before the jury had met. Without completely standing by the repthe report has some "shades of

erstand how a nation, capable only of evil, can produce a commission of inquiry that criticises, however mildly, its own government. We therefore immediately dismiss the report as another attempt by Israel to improve its image in the world. Assuming that our claims have some elements of truth in them, we will still be making a

It seems to me that because we labelled Israel as "bad", we moved to disassociate ourselves from everything that is Israeli, and in the process refrained from studying Israeli society and culture. As Rami Khouri pointed out in a recent article in the Jordan Times,

grave mistake not to examine the

report more closely.

we do not understand the claim 'rhetoric and repetition and excthat Israel is a democracy, even ellent use of words make us fully though it might very well be one, convinced that we were well prehowever violent that democracy

Without going into this subject any further, I cannot help but comment that very few Arab writers seemed willing to address the question of why such commissions are not set up in our own countries, if we are as moral and "good" as we claim. It is neither wrong nor immoral to admit that sometimes, the Israelis are capable of good, and that sometimes we are capable of evil.

This particular outlook of ours on life could be due to the state of romance we live in - romance in the sense of not being realistic. Take the 1967 war. We let our

pared to triumph over Israel. Eveevone knows what happened, though I am not sure we learnt much from the experience.

In this world of fantasy that we weaved around ourselves, heroes have to be glorified to the point where they become idols, and villains have to be ridiculed to the point where they become demons. For in the world of fantasy, just like the world we knew in our childhood, things transcend the realm of reality to assume an idealistic, absolute status. In the world of fantasy, shades of grey

simply do not exist. This world of fantasy has many times been a catalyst, if not a direct cause, in hiding the truth from us. But could it be that the cause might also be the consequence. and vice versa? That is to say. could it be that it is because the truth is obscured from us so many times that we tend to bring out right versus wrong so naively?

Could it be that because of our frustration that "right" is so many times suppressed that we tend to over-emphasise it, may be to assure ourselves that it still exists and will triumph in the end? Perhaps the problem is a combination of both. But I think that there is a strong need to view and deal with the world more realistically. It would be nice and easy if things were either black or white, but the fact is, most things come in shades

Rich Cubans who stayed say tranquillity makes up for lower living standards

By Colin McSeveny

HAVANA - The ornate villas in Havana's once-exclusive seafront suburbs stand in various states of disrepair, neglected reminders of the wealthy Cubans who fled Fidel Castro's revolution more than 20 years ago.

Most now house neighbourhood organisations or poor families who cannot afford to keep up the appearances of the fading pastel-coloured buildings. Other simply lie abandoned.

About 500,000 Cubans and countless millions of dollar left Cuba during the early 1960s -landowners, businessmen, doctors and professionals of all kinds who opposed Dr. Castro's state takeovers and sweeping reforms that led to communism.

But not quite all the rich and highly-skilled bought one-way tickets to Miami or Latin Ame-

"Do you realise that we are the last two architects of our graduating class still living in Cuba?" said Vicente Lanz and Margot del Pozo, a middle-aged Havana cou-

Speaking in the spacious home they designed themselves just before the 1959 revolution, they told Reuters why they stayed behind while almost all their friends and colleagues left.

"Everyone, no matter how rich. was allowed to keep their possessions and the house they lived in, and though we were never active supporters of Fidel we soon realised that his reforms were best

The "Mariel boat people", disenchanted with Cuba's communist regime, left in their hundreds for Florida

Ideas 07:48 Book Choice 07:45 The

World Today 68:98 Newsdesk 68:36 Album Time 69:00 World News 09:89

Weeklies 09:30 Classical Record Rev-

Weekings 69:38 Classical Record Review 69:45 Network U.K. 10:99 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Latin '83 10:39 Animal, Vegetable or Mineral? 11:09 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:46 Look Ahead 14:45 Enters in Action 12:15 World World Weekings 10:15 World World Financial Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:45 Enters in Action 12:15 My World Today 11:45 My World Today 11:45 My World Today

11:45 Science in Action 12:15 My Word! 12:30 Just a Minute 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 About

13:89 News About Striam 13:15 About Britain 13:30 Meridian 14:09 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Anything Goes 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:60 World News 15:69 Commentary 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30 Mummy was Well Liked 16:00 Big

Band Sound 16:30 Arranged for the Piano 17:90 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Sat-

Band Sound 18:30 Arranged nor the Piano 17:30 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Sat-urday Special 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Saturday Special 19:00 News Summary 19:02 Saturday Special 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 The

Magic of... 19:45 Sports Round-Up 20:00 World News 20:09 News About

Britain 20:15 Private Lives 29:30 Dan-

World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Good Books 22:30 Book, Music and

Lyrics 23:15 Staying On 23:30 People and Politics 24:00 World News 24:09

From Our Own Correspondent 00:30 New Ideas 80:40 Reflections 00:45

VOICE OF AMERICA

es:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News and This Week 17:30 Press Conference USA 18:00 Special English; News, Words, and Their Stories, Penture: Short Stories 18:30 New York, New York 18:00 Weekers 19:00 Season Francis

York 19:00 Weckend 20:00 Special English 28:30 New York, New York 21:80 News and This Week 21:30 Press Con-

ference USA 22:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 23:00 Weekend-

Round-up 01:00 World News Sports Round-up 81:00 worm re-91:09 Commentary 91:15 Letterbox

nous Corner 21:30 Album Time 22:00

for Cuba as a whole." Mr. Lanz

They, like most of their freinds. initially thought Dr. Castro's takeover was just the latest in a long line of "Cuban comic opera power struggles" and that his government would quickly end up as corrupt as the rest.

"It was when it became clear that Fidel actually intended sweeping away the old system we had known for so long that the trickle of emigrants turned into a flood," Mr. Lanz said.

Around that time there were wild rumours that all the children would be sent to camps in Russia and though it was utter nonsense. many of our friends believed such talk," he said.

"We also received death threats through the mail from Miami, say-

ing that we would be killed come the counter-revolution if we did not leave," Mr. Lanz added.

The couple have little sympathy for the view that many Cubans left rather than live an austere existence in a country which permits no political opposition to the ruling Communist Party.

They also remained while around 120,000 discontented Cubans were permitted to leave for Miami in the so-called Mariel Sealift three years ago.

The Mariel boat-people were mainly manual workers and their families, disenchanted by the communist system and attracted by the promise of a better life across the Straits of Florida. 'Obviously there are still pro-

blems here, but nobody with any sense of social justice can say Cuba is not now a much better

country. You see no himery chifree medical care and cheap works ldren begging on the streets nowlunches. adays," said Mrs. Lanz.

"Under the old regime we would probably be wealthy enough to own a vacht, but so what? Here we have a relaxed, comfortable life without the drugs culture, violence and racial discrimination that our former friends must put up with in Miami." her husband added.

The couple work on state projects such as hospitals and rural housing, they earn around \$500 a month each and are entitled to

Other formerly wealthy Cubans contacted by Reuters held similar views, though like most of the population they complained about the occasional shortages of particular foods and the often poor standard of the limited consumer goods available.

While many rich people still have access to their bank funds. money itself means much less in Cuba than in most countries because of state benefits and the poor choice of goods.

America or in the United States! "Even if we took all our money out of the bank there would be think I am quite happy to be in little to spend it on. We have eno-Havana. The tranquil atmosphere of this ugh to eat, a car and a house big enough to split into apartments for

island of 10 million people was my grown-up family." said an repeatedly cited as a great au-American woman who has lived in raction to people who had the Havana since marrying a well-off means to leave long ago. local businessman almost 40 years

The architects said they occasionally went to Miami and had seen former friends who could not An elderly woman, speaking in the lush garden of her ranch-type believe they were only visiting.

"When they see us. they think we have finally come to our senses and left for good." Mr. Lanz laughed.

West boosts scientific research

By Ethan Bronner Reuter

BRUSSELS — After a decade of neglect, Western governments on both sides of the Atlantic are planning to boost their support of scientific research in the hope it will provide a cure for chronic eco-

U.S. President Reagan has proposed a 17 per cent increase in funds for engineering and physics in 1984 -- the first boost in more wider between the community and than ten years -- and the Eur 2015 major competitors, the U.S. opean Community has a proposal and Japan, in computer science, before it to almost double exp biotechnology, the car industry, enditure on basic research.

earch, however, has a different int from 20 years ago when society was happy to support sci-entific curiosity often for the sake of it, experts say. Today's emphasis is on revitalising industry to create jobs. Scientists were revered in the

1950s and 60s," Jean-Pierre Contzen, head of science policy for the European Community, told Reuters in an interview. "They lost their appeal in the

70s as many promises went unfulfilled and the dangers of such projects as nuclear power and genetic engineering grabbed the imagination of the public. But today, in the sobering light of the

recession and the success of Japan. things have turned around again,"

Both the U.S. and the tennation Common Market are hoping new technologies will help secure them from Japanese imports and the problems that come with them -- a decline in local industry and a rise in unemployment.

Science and industry officials of Community states say a "technology gap" is yawning ever chemicals and materials. That is The renewed interest in res-. why money for research will increase.

> Reagan's science advisor, told Science magazine in an interview that the administration's emphasis on physics and engineering was aimed at overcoming years of "relative neglect." .

Asked why in a budget proposal full of domestic spending cuts these areas should receive such a. boost, he said it was important for high-technology industry and defence.

Mr. Keyworth said the government was also deeply concerned about the level of science education and this had led them to reverse planned cuts in science teacher training funds. The 1984 budget proposal calls for \$70 million for such training.

house told Reuters: "Nobody

ever bothers us despite our rel-

ative wealth and when looking

around at the violence in Central

In the European Community. the first proposal for a Community-wide scientific and technical strategy was presented recently to a meeting of research ministers where it was enthusiastically received. It proposes a doubling of Com-

munity funds in basic research to \$3.75 billion and underlines the acute need to match scientific achievements of the United States and Japan. The community's head of sci-

ence policy, Mr. Contzen, who was actively involved in drafting and create new agricultural prothe proposal, said the time was ducts. or people to re-examine certain prejudices developed in the last decade about science. He said studies by the Com-

mission in the late 1970s showed strong public mistrust of uncontrolled research and a desire for greater political direction of the programmes.

One study, in 1979, said people were anxious about the risks involved for society and they also feared an increase in unemployment due to automation.

But Mr. Contzen says that the

Civil Defence rescue

Municipal water service 71125-8

HOSPITALS
Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813-32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4

Akleh Maternity, J. Amman ... 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity 42362

NIGHT DUTY

Malhas, J. Amman .. Palestine, Shmeisani

Al-Ahli, Abdali

Army, Marka

Italian, Al-Muhajreen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh

AMMAN: Dr. Nabil Al-Maridi

...... 56390-I

. 36140

.... 91611

pects, in those of the public as

"I think people now realise that carefully planned research and technological innovation will not destroy jobs but will create them." The U.S. and Community sup-

port of research aims not only at revitalising industry but also at developing agricultural competitiveness, an issue which is currently the subject of a transatlantic Both are major exporters of

farm products -- often competing for the same markets -- and both would like to increase efficiency

government plans to build the national advanced materials research laboraroty, a joint venture with industry, housing federal, industrial and university scientists.

The Europeans also have several cooperative ventures in the planning stage, particularly in the field of communications technology, allowing companies from different countries to research iointly.

Such cooperation is a relatively new aspect of science policy, expsuccess of Japan's economy has erts say, and will contribute to changed that view, certainly in the more direct applications of the

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

Je 30

MAIN CHANNEL		
95:30	Koran	
45:59	Салооиs	
96:15 ·····	Rainbow	
46.35	International Theatre	
97:00	" Sports-	
	Local Programme	
	News in Arabic	
	Arabic Series	
	Arabic Film	
	News in Arabic	
	THE PARTY LAND	

11:19 Arabic Film (Continues) FOREIGN CHANNEL News in Hebrew 89:99 89:38 Saturday Variety Sha

RADIO JORDAN

ON KILL AM IX 77 MINE FOR		
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW		
97:18 Morning Show		
· 67:30 News Bulletin		
19:00 News Summary		
· 12:00 News Summary		
12:05 Pou Session		
1400 News Bulletin		
14:36 Picnic Time		
15:00 Concert Hour		
16:00 News Summary		
1605 Instrumentals		
17:00 Jordan Weekly		
17:30 Special Feature		
18-90 News Surranty		
18:00 News Summary 18:05 Special Feature		
18:30 Great Books of Islam		
19:90 permananan Newsdesk		
16.26 Ton Touris		
19-30 Top Twenty		
24:36 Date with a Star		
21:06 News Summary		
21:05 Classical Concert		
Z1:55News Summary		
21:55 News Summary 22:60 First Spin		
AUSTR News Summery		
Z3:05 Country Music		
24:00 News Headlines, Sign Off		
* =		

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

Newsdesk 66:30 Jazz Workshop 96:00 Newsdesk the 30 Jazz visitations 96:05 Financial News 6:55 Reflections 97:00 World News 67:09 British Press Review 67:15 About Britain 67:30 New

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

Amateur photographs at the Alia Art

These exhibitions are on at the French Cultural Centre:

"Jean-Jacques Ros

FILM

e" at the French Cul-

CULTURAL CENTRES

•	
American Centre tel	4157
British Council	6147
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	4199
Soviet Cultural Centre	4420
Spanish Cultural Centre	2404
Turkish Cultural Centre	3977
Haya Aris Centre	66519
Hussein Youth City	66718
Y.W.C.A	4179
Y.W.M.A	66425
Amman Municipal Library	. 361
University of Jordan Library	843

MUSEUMS

Folklore Maneum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. centuries), the Roman Incarte, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabel Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill).

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-ptume by contemporery Islamic arrises from most of the Muslim countrieand a

WHAT'S GOING ON

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabol Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 3

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

polar Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to Popular Life of Jorum Vacca.

150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. weapons, missesi instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Chub. Mestina every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel 74500 Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Americation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Loweib-eh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757.
Church of the Austraciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541.
Augicon Church (Church of the Redecmer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich. 71331. ing Orthodox Church Ashrafich, 75261. St. Ephraim Clearch (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751.

PRAYER TIMES

Amazon Interestional Church (Inter-

denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

	•
:26	Fajr
:51	(Suntise) Shuring
-46	
.07	
	Maghreb
	· Loha

FOR THE TRAVELLER

Cairo (EA)

Cairo (RJ)

19:00 19:30

20:00 20:05 20:15

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Air-port, tel. 92205-6, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS

99:15 Abu Dhabi (RJ)	MONEY EXCHANG
09:30 Jeddah (RJ)	MUNEI EACHANG
99:35 Karachi, Dubai (RJ)	
09:40 Dhahran (RJ)	Local sellibuy rates i
99:45 Kuwait (RJ)	Beigian franc
10:15 Beirut (RJ)	Dutch guilder 133.3/ 1
19:59 Abu Dhabi, Doha (GA)	Egyptian guinea 319.1/
11:95 Abu Dhabi (\$A)	French franc 51.7/
13:40 Kuwait (KAC)	Iraqi dinar 540.6/
15:50 Baghdad (IA)	Italian lire (for 100) 24.8/
16:90 Belgrade, Istanbul (RJ)	Japanese yen (for 100) 149.4/ 1
16:30 Cairo (RJ)	Kuwaiti dinar 1215.6/ 12
16:55 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)	Lebanese lira 86/
17:15 New York, Vienna (RJ)	Oznani riyal 1025/ 1
17:30 Copenhagen, Athens (RJ)	Qatari riyal
18:05 Rome (Alitalia)	Saudi riyal 103.2/ 1
18:29 Athens (GA)	Swedish crown 47.6/
18:30 Catro (RJ)	Swiss franc 172.5/ 1
19-05 Cairo (EA)	Syriao lira 61.7/
20:05 Frankfurt (LH)	UAE dirham 96.5/
20:15 Beirut (MEA)	U.K. sterling pound 534.8/
09:39 Cairo (RJ)	U.S. dollar 355/
00:30 Cairo (ÈA)	W. German mark 147.7/ 1
98:45 Baghdad (RJ)	
201-9 11111111111111111111111111111111111	

DEPARTURES

94:45	Cairo (RJ)
86:30	Frankfurt (Lufthansa)
67:66	
87:45	Beirut (AF)
07:58	Cairo (EA)
20-05	Beirut (MEA)
11:44	Vicona, New York (RJ)
11-15	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
11:15	Geneva, Paris (RJ)
11.30	Athens (GA)
11-55	Athens, Zurich (SwissAir)
17-00	London (RJ)
17-65	Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ)
12-34	Cairo (RJ)
14-35	Kuwait (KAC)
1430	Cairo (RJ)
16-50	Baghdad (RJ)
18-45	Beirut (RJ)
20.40	(D)

MUNEI EACHANGE		
Local sellibury rate	s in fils	
Beigian franc		
Dutch guilder 133.3/	134.1	
Egyptian guinea 319.1/		
French franc 51.7/		
Iragi dinar 540.6/		
Italian lire (for 100) 24.8/		
Japanese yen (for 100) 149.4/	150,3	
Kuwaiti dinar	1221.6	
Lebanese lira 86/	87	
Omani riyal 1025/	1035	
Qatari riyal	97.6	
Saudi riyal 103.2/	103.7	
Swedish crown 47,6/	47.9	
Swise franc	173.5	
Syrian lira	62.3	
UAE dirham	97	
U.K. sterling pound 534.8/	538	
U.S. dollar	357	

Meteorology.
It will be fine, with light and variab winds. In Aqaba, it will be dusty, wi northwesterly moderate winds and se calm.
Lowshigh temperature in deg.
Amman 6/1
Agabe12/2
Deserts
tenden Vellen 100

Jeddah (RJ)

Cairo (RJ) Cairo (EA)

. Cairo (EA)

Cario (EA)

Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

Local Sellibuy rates in fils
Beigian franc
Dutch guilder 133.3/ 134.1
Egyptian guinea 319.1/ 324.1
French franc 51.7/ · 52
Iraqi dinar 540.6/ 549
Italian lire (for 100) 24.8/ 25
Japanese yen (for 100) 149.4/ 150.3
Kuwaiti dinar 1215.6/ 1221.6
Lebanese lira 86/ 87
Omani riyal
Ostari rival
Saudi riyal 103.2/ 103.7
Swedish crown 47.6/ 47.9
Swiss franc
Syrian lira
UAE dirham 96.5/ 97
U.K. sterling pound 534.8/ 538
U.S. dellar promise 334.00 355
U.S. dollar 355/ 357
W. German mark 147.7! 148.6

WEATHER upplied by the Departn

It will be fine, with light and variab winds. In Anaba, it will be dusty, wi northwesterly moderate winds and se calm.	1
Low/high temperature in deg. Amman 61 Aqaba 127 Deserts 37	
Yesterday's high temperature Amman 17, Aqaba 22. Humidity re	

an 29 per cent. Apaba 39

minds of politicians and, he sus-

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS EMERGENCIES Dr. Abdul Halim Al Afghani (Al Wah dat) Nairoukh pharmacy Abu Ghazaleh pharmacy ... 193, 75111

Samer pharmacy 38359 661111 Khasem taxi

. 664660 668761 Karnak taxi Nahda taxi ZARQA: Dr. Tareo Hajjawi Al-Jayyousi pharmacy Al-Wahdeh pharmacy

IRBID: Dr. Anwar Al-Shbul

GENERAL Jordan Television 73111 Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism

Telephone:	
Information	12
Jordan and Middle East cails	10
Overseas calls	
Cable or telegram	18
Repair service	11

MARKET PRICES

Upperllower price in fils per kg.	Grapes (black) 800 / 70
Apple (American)	Lemon
Apple (Double Red) 250 / 200	Marrow (large)
Apple (Golden) 250 / 200	Marrow (small)
Apple (Turkish) 250 / 200	
Apple (French)	Olives
	Onion (dry) 140 · 11
Apple (Starken) 250 / 200	Onion (green) 250 / 20
Benana 270 / 220	Oranges 160 / 14
Banana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Oranges (Mandarine) 300 / 25
Beans 780 / 700	Oranges (shamouu) 250 / 20
Beans (broad) 340 / 300	Oranges (local) 160 / 12
Beets 220 / 180	Pears
Bomali 280 / 200	Peaches
Cabbage	
Сагтов	Pepper (Sweet)
Company (white)	Pepper (Hot Green) 1000 / 80
Cauliflower (white) 150 / 120	Plums 850 / 750
Chestnuis 520 / 450	Potatoes
.Сосови	Radish 70 ! 5:
Cucumber (large) 350 / 250	Sage 230 / 20
(Cucumber (small)	Spinach 180 / 15
Eggplant (large)	Tomatoes
Garlic 480 / 400	
Granefrois 120 / 100	Turnip

Watermelon (Indian)

SPORTS

Mandlikova, Navratilova clash in Dallas quarter-finals

DALLAS (R) - Hana Man- antage of numerous unforced errdlikova of Czechoslovakia overeame a tentative start to beat Kathy Horvath of the U.S. 7-5. 6-3 in the \$150.000 Dallas women's tennis tournament Thursday and qualified for a quarterfinal match against Martina Navratilova, the world's number one

Navratilova. a native of Czechoslovakia who is now a U.S. citizen, crushed Kiyomura of the U.S. 6-3, 6-1.

In other second-round matches, Pam Shriver of the U.S. beat Wendy White of the U.S. 6-2, 6-2, and Sylvia Hanika of West Germany overpowered Laura Arraya of Argentina 6-1, 6-1.

Mandlikova began sluggishly against Horvath, who took adv-

re pi

SIL

\us

ne ne ori le

ors to run up a 5-1 lead in the first

The young Czechoslovak, who also had problems with her serve. had to overcome four set points at 5-3 on her own serve before finding her touch as she reeled off six games in a row for the set.

Mandlikova dropped her serve to open the second set, but broke back right away. Games then went with service until Mandlikova gained a service break to go 5-2 ahead, and she served out for the

Second-ranked Chris Evert Lloyd of the U.S. plays Hanika. fourth-seeded Wendy Turnbull of Australia meets Bettina Bunge of West Germany, and third-seeded Shriver faces Jo Durie of Britain.

The largest Soviet passenger vessel visits Aqaba

"MORPASFLOT"

SHIPPING AGENCY

Service on board Sov- teaching Russian or take

There is free medical

Tax-free shops on

board each vessel offer a

big variety of goods-

iness and operation of the

Soviet passenger fleet.

both in the domestic

trade and abroad, are

managed by the Soviet

passenger fleet agency

V/O Morpasflot, whose

counterparts abroad

comprise over 40 firms

and agencies in 35 cou-

ntries in Europe, the

Americas, Africa, Asia

and Australia. More than

300 port agents attend to

Soviet ships at ports thr-

agent for all Soviet shi- ilities.

V/O "MORPASFLOT"

21, Kalinina Avenue

Moscow G-19 USSR

BOOKING-OFFICE

Phone: 291-9331

oughout the world.

Ahlan wa sahlan!

aid on Soviet ships.

and jewellery.

ships employed in the cru- iet liners is equal to that some training in how to

ise business, the tur- of the best of other flags, play balalaika, for exa-

Crews of Soviet pas-

cocktails, get-together

sengers can go to classes

boelectrically powered Soviet ships and crews. mple.

vessel the "Maxim however, are known for

Gorky" which is owned their traditional 'Russian

by the Black Sea Shipping hospitality which adds

Company of the USSR. special charm to a voyage

The passenger capacity senger liners do their best

The vessel has twelve parties, gala dinners and

decks, three restaurants. suppers. masquerade

many bars and lounges, a balls, games, tou-

wide-screen movie hall. rnaments and quizzes.

Each cabin is furnished lotteries, concerts given

with a TV set receiving by professional artists

not only on-shore sta- and by amateurs from the

tions but also pro- crew, all serve to leave

grammes of the ship's lasting memories of the

own TV centre. There are voyage. Some people

swimming pools. a lib- cannot believe that a per-

rary, shops, hairdresser's former is a seaman or a

and barber's, games' stewardess on the stage.

rooms, a sauna with a Such concerts can only be

swimming pool. The ves- enjoyed on board Soviet

sel is airconditioned and liners. If so desired pas-

Telex: 7134

Phone: 235-1959

Address: 19, Koznevnicheskaya

Street Moscow 113114 USSR

Cables: Morpasflot Moscow

of "Maxim Gorky" is 800 to make a voyage happy

berths, the speed 22 and interesting. Master's

will call at the Port of by sea.

Aqaba on March 13.

carries stabilizers.

Brazilian government withholds Formula One season begins support for World Cup bid

BRASILIA (R) - The Brazilian government, citing economic reasons. Friday vetoed attempts to bring the 1986 World Cup finals here to the country many see as soccer's true home.

A government statement said President Joao Figueiredo decided to withhold support from the bid put forward by the Brazilian Football Federation (CBF) for economic reasons.

This effectively killed the effort us football's international governing body, FIFA, insists govemments underwrite the applications of their national soccer authorities. FIFA will now choose between Canada. Mexico and the United States.

Mr. Figueiredo was unwilling to spend funds destined for social works on the World Cup, the statement said, adding: "The current economic situation of the country recommends strict austerity in public spending."

Brazil, home of some of the world's most gifted and exciting soccer stars, is in the midst of a foreign exchange crisis over payments on its vast foreign debt and suffers inflation of more than 100 per cent as well as heavy une-

mployment. The statement cast doubt on CBF forecasts that tourist revenue from the finals would more than

pping companies, is the

Red Sea Shipping Com-

travelling on board the

"Maxim Gorky," will

visit the unique historical

sight of Jordan's ancient

city Petra, and will also

The vessel will be vis-

assador to Jordan Mr.

Rafik Nishanov and Mrs.

Nishanova, plus other

high ranking officials

from the Soviet embassy.

nned to be held by the

captain of the vessel in

honour of high-ranking

Jordanian officials who

have been invited on

board by the Soviet amb-

for broad excursions, dur-

ing which the crew will

show visitors the ship's

The vessel will be open

A big reception is pla-

anything from national pay a visit to Wadi Ram

The commercial bus- ited by the Soviet amb-

souvenirs to Russian furs as well as Aqaba itself.

Almost 700 tourists.

pay expenses and added: The high cost of



purchasing power of the poorer The decision, taken on the advfor years. ice of the chief economy minister Antonio Delfim Netto, was thought unlikely to be popular.

An opinion poll published by the newspaper Jornal do Brasil on Sunday said 60 per cent of Brazilians wanted the 1986 cup finals held here while 32 per cent did

The Brazilian government's decision comes in the middle of a severe foreign exchange crisis. With the largest foreign debt in the developing world, estimated unofficially at S89 billion, Brazil recently succeeded in finalising a series of multi-billion dollar loan packages with the International Monetary Fund and commercial banks to avoid defaulting on the

The government also devalued the cruzeiro by 23 per cent last month in a bid to raise exports and is attempting to introduce a tough wages law bringing an actual cut in the real wages of millions of wor-

Curren defeats Connors

BRUSSELS (R) - American Jimmy Connors was soundly beaten by South African Kevin Curren in a major upset at the Belgian indoor tennis championship here Thursday.

Curren, ranked 29th in the world, toppled number two Connors 6-2, 7-5, in a second round

The powerful South African broke Connors' serve in the fifth game to lead 3-2 and again in the seventh game to make it 5-2, serving three aces in the last game to clinch the set in 28 minutes.

Curren made the break at 4-3 in the second set but Connors came back to 5-5 before the South African broke serve in the following game and completed his victory. Other results: Ivan Lendl (Cze-

choslovakia) beat Balazs Taroczy Steven Denton (U.S.) beat Hank Pfister (U.S.) 6-4, 6-3.

WBC rejects Larry Holmes' 15-round request

MEXICO CITY (R) - Heavyweight champion Larry Holmes' request that his future title bouts be fought over 15 rounds has been rejected by the World Boxing Council (WBC), a statement said Friday.

The WBC said it could make no exception to its January ruling which placed a 12-round ceiling on elimination and championship

fights for WBC titles. The new policy, which came into effect on new years' day, is to protect boxers' health. The WBC said many fighters had suffered serious injuries out of fatigue in the final three rounds of scheduled 15-rounders.

Boat Race to go ahead as planned

LONDON (R) -- One of Britain's oldest sporting events, the annual Boat Race between Oxford and Cambridge universities, will go ahead despite a row over the student status of an oarsman which

threatened by a Cambridge boycott after Oxford included Boris Rankov, 28, a post-graduate with teaching responsibilities, in its

Cambridge said he was not a student and was ineligible, but they agreed Friday to go ahead after Oxford said it would discuss eligibility rules after the April 2 race on the River Thames.

PALMA, Majorca (R) - Scavolini Pesaro of Italy won the men's European Cup-winners basketball Cup for the first time here Wednesday night with a comfortable 111-99 victory over Asvel Villeurbanne of France, Asvel Villeurbanne, somewhat fortunate to reach the final, were

with Brazilian Grand Prix

beginning with the Brazilian Grand Prix on Sunday promises to be one of the most unpredictable

Rule changes made during the closed season have radically changed Formula One cars and the question of how engineers and designers have coped will be answered in Rio de Janeiro.

The most fundamental change was a ban on aerodynamic "skirts", which created a roadhugging "ground effect" allowing drivers to reach unprecedented comering speeds.

Much to the relief of the multi-million dollar sport's governing body, the International Motor Sport Federation (FISA), lap speeds look like being slower, at least initially, and the races perhaps safer.

The start of the Grand Prix season was delayed two months to give teams time to grapple with the problems of the new rules and come up with new designs. And the fruits of their labour

come under real scrutiny for the first time Friday when teams submit their cars for pre-race ins-

Gradually over the last few days, the new cars have been mak-

ing an appearance for unofficial practice runs.

The scrutineering could bring the unaccustomed tranquility in the sport to an abrupt end as rival teams protest about exactly what innovations conform to the new

Following last year's Brazilian Grand Prix. FISA disqualified the winner, Brazil's Nelson Piquet, and second placed Finn Keke Rosberg, the eventual world champion, after protests that they raced under the official weight

But once again, Rosberg, in the reliable Williams car, and Piquet, in the turbocharged Brabham, will be strong challengers on the 5.031 km circuit.

Frenchmen Alain Prost of Renault, who was eventually given the Brazilian victory last year, and Rene Amoux of Ferrari, will aiso

be hard to beat. Another favourite must be the apparently indestructible Niki Lauda, who underwent plastic surgery here in January on an eyelid badly burned when he crashed in the West German Grand Prix in 1976. The twice champion will be driving a McLaren.

Piquet, the local favourite and 1981 champion, will be driving a new Brabham that has a pointed, narrow nose, broad front sus-

pension and the driver seated for ther back.

The Toleman car, sporting a new twin aerofoil, drew first blood during the week when British driver Derek Warwick elocked the fastest lap of one minute 35.17 seconds in unofficial practice.

The flamboyant Lotus team are introducing some of the last work of founder Colin Chapman, one of the sport's greatest innovators, who died of a heart attack in Dec-

Briton Nigel Mansel has been practicising with a computerised suspension system which, according to team manager Peter Warr, reacts to the unevenuess of the road, while Italian team-mate Elio de Angelis will drive the new

rurbo-charged Lotus 93T. Alfa Romeo has also joined the growing turbo club, while Ligier and McLaren should follow suit before the end of the 17-race sea-

But sadly for Brazil, former World Champion Emerson Fittipaldi's team will not be racing on Sunday. He announced last month he had given up the struggle for sponsorship.
Practice is scheduled for Friday

and Saturday with the race due to start on Sunday at 1330 local time

'Fast' Spencer in a hurry to the top of motor cycle world

LONDON (R) - Fast Freddie Spencer is a young man in a hurry

And the stylish rider from Shreveport, Louisiana, could reach that target this year by winning the World 500 cc Motor Cycle Championship which opens in South Africa a week on Saturday.

The 22-year-old American romped into the reckoning last season-his first full term in Grand Prix racing-by finishing third in the title battle behind Italian Franco Uncini and New Zealander

Graeme Crosby. Not a bad debut by a youngster who had cut his racing teeth on the U.S. circuits and had little pevious experience of the European tracks

Spencer reminded campaignhardened veterans like Californian Kenny Roberts and Britain's Barry Sheene of his championship potential by completing a runaway Belgian Grand Prix victory at Francorchamps last

That initial success was followed up two months later when stylish Spencer led throughout the San Marino Grand Prix at Imola.

'Fast' Freddie was on his way. Spencer's taste for further triumphs, coupled with a highly competitive bike, will serve him well this season.

He heads the four-bike Honda

World Champion Marco Luc-chinelli of Italy and former 350 cc title bolder Takazumi Katayama of Japan. plus Britain's Ron Haslam, at last given the chance of a full Grand Prix season.

The Japanese manufacturer, winner of every world championship category except the one which carries most prestige--the 500 cc crown--badly want to remedy the situation. Hence the increase in strength from three to four riders and much development of their three cylinder two-stroke machine which produced such startling results

with Spencer on board last season. For good measure, Dutchman several leading riders with a

works-supported Honda. Suzuki field Uncini, almost alwavs in the frame last season and deservedly champion after his five Grand Prix wins, and California Randy Mamola who believes he should have claimed at least one world championship in his rel-

atively short Grand Prix career. Twice champion Sheene expects to be rewarded with a Suzuki works ride once he shows them he has regained his fitness following his awful crash during practice for the British Grand Prix at Sil-

The fact that he is able to start

team which again includes 1981 major leg injuries is assonishing enough.

He said: "I don't expect to finish higher than about 10th in South Africa because I will be riding a standard bike. But if it is raining or really boiling hot then I

reckon I can do better. "I am hoping Suzuki will give me a full racing specification bike when I have proved my fitness and then I expect to contest the lead."

West German Anton Mang. winner of the 350 cc class last year--the category has been scrapped this season--will also tackle the 500 cc series on a Suzuki along with rated Italian Loris Reggiani.

But Mang, an outstanding rider not expected in South Africa. world championship hosts for the first time, having suffered a knee injury while skiing.

Californian Kenny Roberts will again lead the Yamaha challenge in what he has said will be his last

year of 500 cc racing. Roberts, winner of three successive titles before making way for Lucchinelli and Uncini, has U.S. superbike champion Eddie Lawson as his team mate. It will be Lawson's first taste of Grand Prix

Crosby and South African Kork Ballington, who have both graced the sport for several seasons, have the season at all after suffering retired.

Magath deals further blow to West Germany's European soccer hopes

BONN (R) - West German European triumph. hopes of qualifying for the European Soccer Championships have been dealt a further blow by the refusal of Hamburg's Felix Magath to rejoin the national

last two matches, beginning their European Championship defence last November with a humiliating 1-0 Group Six defeat by Northern Ireland.

Their next European clash is West Germany's chance of a third

squad as their "playmaker." West Germany have lost their

against tiny Albania in Tirana on March 30. Defeat-unthinkable a few months ago--could put paid to

ional trainer Jupp Derwall earlier this week but said Thursday night he had backed down for fear of pressure for success his recall would exert.

Bayern Munich captain Paul Breitner, like Magath, quit the national side after last year's World Cup final in which West Germany were beaten 3-1 by

Hansi Mueller of Italy's Inter Milan, another candidate for the "playmaker" role, has been trou-

bled by injury, so salvation would

appear to lie with Bernd Schuster of Barcelona, the rebel now res-Magath, 29, spent three hours discussing a comeback with nattored to the national squad after nearly two years self-imposed But Barcelona, despite a con-

tract clause freeing Schuster for international matches, have said they need the player for an important domestic cup match against Athletic Bilbao. West Germany have not won

since the retirement of midfield maestroes Breitner and Magath. Their beating by Northern Ireland was followed last month by another 1-0 defeat by Portugal in a

Aston Villa seeking to lay another jinx in English F.A. Cup today

LONDON (R) — Aston Villa will be seeking to lay another jinx when they meet Arsenal on Saturday and earn a place in the English Football Association Cup (F.A.) semifinals for the first time for 23 years.

Villa beat their bogey side Notts County on Tuesday to move up to fourth place in the first division.

And Villa manager Tony Barton believes that victory could spur the European Champions to victory at Arsenal--a team they have beaten only twice since the early 1960s. Barton is optimistic that def-

ender Gary Williams and winger Tony Morley, who were injured in the European Cup quarter-final fford.

first leg against Italy's Juventus eight days ago, will be fit.

Arsenal must decide whether to back David O'Leary, who has missed five matches because of damaged ankle ligaments.

Although Villa have won the cup a record seven times, they have not appeared in a final since 1957 when they beat Manchester United 2-0.

United are already set to meet Liverpool in the final of the Lea-gue Cup on March 26 and could make it a cup double. They will have Kevin Moran back in defence after a five-week break for the tie against Everton at Old Tra-

Brighton enter uncharted territory when they meet Norwich at home. They have never previously risk Ireland international centre gone beyond the fifth round.

Brighton, who are languishing in the lower reaches of the first division, have already accounted for Newcastle, Manchester City

and Liverpool in their cup run-With Norwich centre back Steve Walford under suspension. Richard Symonds retains his place after playing his first game in a year at Aston Villa last week.

Second division strugglers Burniey have already had a hicrative League Cup run, going out to Liverpool in the semifinals, and now face Sheffield Wednesday in the

GENERAL AGENTS IN JORDAN: Member of the KAWAR GROUP.

In Jordan, the general latest technology and fac-

threatened to scupper it.

The race, held since 1829, was

Italians win European basketball crown

outclassed by the confident Italians, who were particularly strong



ECONOMY

Kohl to emphasise · unemployment

BONN (R) — West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl will place top priority on imemployment, parlicularly among young people, when he presides over this month's summit meeting of European Community heads of govemment, government spokesman Mr. Juergen Suedhoff said Friday.

Mr. Kohl was meeting Mr. Gas-ton Thom, president of the European Commission, in Bonn Friday to finalise a programme for the talks in Brussels on March 21-22. West Germany currently holds the rotating presidency of the 10-nation Community.

Mr. Suedhoff said the overall economic and social situation in the European Common Market would be on the agenda, as well as the controversy over member sta-(es' contributions to the budget.

Turkey succeeds in attracting investments

PARIS (R) - Turkey has attracted foreign investment and made recovery possible through its efforts to open up its economy to market forces, according to the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (O-ECD).

"The last two years have resulted in a steep rise in investment activity." the Paris-based org-anisation of industrialised countries said in a report on Turkey.

In 1981, the last year for which detailed figures are available, foreign investment more than tripled and approvals totalled \$337.5 million, the report said.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - The market moved lower, reflecting spe-

culation that an OPEC agreement on current proposals may be

unworkable. Dealers said operators were concerned over the

effect a sharply lower oil price will have on the U.K. budget

proposals and more importantly on the government's long-term

Government bonds fell as much as 1/4 point as sterling retreated

Gold shares weakened with the bullion price and North Ame-

Shell fell 10p on profit taking at 438 having gained sharply Thursday following results. Lasmo shed 13p to 234 while B.P. and

Ultramar gave up 6p and 5p respectively.

Beecham was 10p off at 391 while ICI 392, GEC at 204 and

Plessey at 571 were each 6p off. Hawker, Lucas and Racal moved

STC closed 22 up at 244 after news of the proposed bid for

International Aeradio, an unlisted British company, and certain

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollars

Dutch guilders

Belgian francs

Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Swiss francs

West German marks

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

1.5025/35

2.3895/3905

6.9200.9400

7.4450/4500

8.6200/6300

1430.00/1434.00

1.2243/46

2.6460/70

2.0520/40

47.00/10

237.25/40

7.1735/85

One ounce of gold 424.25/425.25

One sterling

- 34

One U.S. dollar

below the \$1.50 level and losses among equities ranged to 10p. At

1500 Friday the F.T. index was 6.2 down at 664.0.

rican stocks were mixed with an easier bias.

against the trend adding between 6p and 8p.

million in 1980, the year Turkey per cent. changed its economic policy and

mobilised a new government agency, the foreign investment dep-

given by the state planning office. investment of foreign firms con-tinued strongly in 1982," the report said.

The report set out a series of and drink (16 per cent) and texrecommendations to remove the tiles (12 per cent). remaining investment constraints a market economy.

The number of registered joint ventures rose from 127 at the end of 1981 to 158 eight months later.

The report said 129 of these were in manufacturing, with the

This compared with justS97 foreign share averaging about 45

Chemicals attracted the most foreign interest in the manufacturing sector with about 4.9 billion Turkish lira (\$25 million) 'According to information of foreign capital now invested,

This represents 19 per cent of total foreign investment in manufacturing, the OECD said. The other main sectors are food

West German firms have the which it said cannot be justified in most holdings, 36 valued at 12 billion lira (S62 million) mostly in chemicals, pharmaceuticals, motor vehicles and machinery, and electrical engineering.

But Swiss firms have invested more, a total of about 20 billion lire (\$103 million) in 35 holdings

Lebanese parliament approves sharp rise in state spending

BEIRUT (R) - The Lebanese parliament Thursday approved a sharp rise in state spending to help rebuild and redevelop the warbattered country.

It adopted a 1983 budget of 10.06 billion Lebanese pounds (\$2.4 billion), a 33 per cent increase on last years's figure of 7.55 billion pounds (\$1.8 billion), an official statement said.

Finance Minister Adel Hammiye was quoted as telling parliament that, although government revenues were rising with the return of a degree of peace, the extra spending would mean a large budget

The government was giving priority to defence and security and to rebuilding and development, he said.

Mr. Hammiye said the deficit would total 3.5 billion pounds (\$830) million), compared with 2.7 billion pounds (\$640 million) in 1982, and would be covered by "extraordinary revenues."

Lebanon has usually covered budget deficits by borrowing from local commercial banks and the central bank and owes little to banks

In 1982 the projected budget deficit of 2.7 billion pounds in fact rose to around six billion pounds (\$1.42 billion) due to a sharp fall in customs duties and other state revenues following the Israeli invasion

Parliamentary sources said that the defence ministry would receive 1.46 billion pounds (\$347 million) this year, compared with 1.24 billion pounds (\$295 million) in 1982, The interior ministry, which runs the police force, would be all-

ocated 619 million pounds (\$147 million), up from 389 million pounds (\$93 million) last year. The ministry of public works would receive 1.4 billion pounds

(\$333 million) compared with one billion pounds (\$283 million) in

The financial year in Lebanon begins on Jan. 1, but the budget is French francs Italian lire frequently not finally approved until March. Japanese ven Swedish crowns

Peanuts

OKAY, BILL, I WANT

YOU TO SNEAK OUT

THERE, AND FIND MY

BROTHER, SPIKE.

Mutt 'n' Jeff

Greek workers strike

ATHENS (R) - Some 100,000 Greek public sector employees. including the country's diplomats, staged a 24-hour strike Friday to protest against the socialist government's incomes policy which delays wage increases. The employees' main union, Adedy, said half its members, resisting massive pressure by the government, had come out on strike. Tax inspectors also pledged to continue a threeweek-old stoppage despite the passage of an emergency amendment in parliament Thursday night merging their department with another branch of the finance ministry. About 2,000 of the inspectors, whose strike has seriously delayed the processing of income tax returns, shouted slogans outside parliament as the amendment was being

NEWS IN BRIEF

Argentina may up sales to USSR

BUENOS AIRES (R) -- Argentina is likely to raise its grain sales to the Soviet Union to between 11 million and 12 million tonnes this year, compared with nine and a half million last year. Argentine Agriculture Secretary Victor Santirso told Reuters. He said Moscow had already bought four million tonnes of wheat from Argentina's record 1982/83 crop, estimated by traders at over 14 million tonnes. China and Iran are also major customers this year, Mr. Santirso said.

Enka wins \$70 m in contract

ANKARA (R) - The Turkish contracting firm Enka has won a \$70 million contract to build an expansion of the Turkish-Iraqi oil pipeline, company officials said Friday. The pipeline from Kerkuk in northern Iraq to the southern Turkish port of Yumurtalik has been Iraq's only oil link to the Mediterranean since Syria closed a pipeline through its territory early last year. The expansion will boost the capacity of the pipeline to one million harrels per day from the current 780,000 barrels. They said the contract, financed by Iraq, was worth around \$70 million and construction was expected to be completed within 14 months. Enka Insaut Ve-Sanayi A.S. already has contracts worth over \$1.3 billion in various Middle East countries.

Brazil cuts travellers allowance

BRASILIA (R) — The Brazilian government has halved to \$1,000 the foreign currency allowance for Brazilians travelling to the United States and Europe, a central bank spokesman said Thursday. The country took the measure to reduce the outflow of dollars and help the balance of payments, he said.

Peanut shells can be turned fodder

NEW ORLEANS (R) — More than 500,000 tons of peanut shells that annually end up in U.S. waste dumps could be turned into cheap and nutritious cattle fodder, a university of Georgia microbiologist said Thursday. Dr. Thomas Kerr told a meeting of the American Society for Microbiology he had developed an inexpensive biological process involving baker's yeast and bacteria for turning the shells into fodder.

Reagan proclaims coastal zone

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan Thursday proclaimed a 200-mile coastal economic zone in which the United States will exercise exclusive rights over all resources. The proclamation. affecting more than four million square nautical miles of ocean around the continental United States and Pacific islands, means the U.S. has sole right to mine valuable minerals and drill for oil and gas in this area.

Venezuelan chief denounces banks

CARACAS (R) - Venezuelan President Luis Herrera Campins Thursday accused international banks of adding to the economic difficulties of Third World countries by exerting undue pressures for loan repayment. Mr. Herrera said small foreign banks, unable to resist their own financial problems, had been quick to claim repayment of loans to Venezuela" with fear, alarm

U.S. bans Kuwait from oil drilling

WASHINGTON (R) - Kuwait will be barred from leasing federal land to drill for oil or natural gas in the United States because it discriminates against U.S. businesses. Interior Secretary James Watt said Thursday. He said the ban, which does not apply to offshore drilling, would remain in effect until Kuwait changed discriminatory policies now directed at U.S. companies.

anyone here know

WHAT A COYOTE

LOOKS LIKE?

I DON'T KNOW.

i never thought

ABOUT IT ...

111

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, MAR. 12, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: New arrangements in career matters makes it possible to do a better job at your regular routines. Let others know of your talents and special aptitudes. Think logically.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Find a better system for handling obligations you have assumed and become more successful. Make plans for the future.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take the treatments that will improve your appearance. Engage in favorite hobby with congenials. Use care in travel. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Improve conditions at

home so that they are more to your liking. Contact close friends and make mutual plans. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make plans to

surmount any obstacles in the path of success. Take no chances with your reputation.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Look for an ideal way to handle an important monetary matter. Show more devotion to loved one and get excellent response.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Improve your appearance and then go out socially and make a good impression on others. Stay within your budget.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make the changes that will bring harmony into your life. The evening can be very romantic with loved one. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Try a new attitude where

a long-time friend is concerned and get better results in the future. Evening is fine for sociability. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study your en-

vironment and make some improvements. Plan how to make family members happier. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Progress now is best achieved by making necessary changes and working in a

methodical manner. Guard your reputation. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be sure to keep any promises you have made to others. Strive for increased

happiness. Relax at home tonight. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Come to a better accord with one who opposed you in the past. The evening is fine. for studying and becoming more informed.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will have the ability to whittle down big ideas to a workable level and make a success out of them. Teach to complete whatever has one been started. Be sure to give ethical and religious training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword by I. Judah Koolyk

32 Solvent 60 Sauntei 22 Inveigle Surface Macbeth, 34 Liston 62 So be it topper 35 Kind of gin 63 Fill with emotion 9 British 39 Forte of 64 raincoats prophesie: 42 "- lay me 28 Coiffure down 66 Body of 29 Hit "Annabel 14 Byron poe soldiers 30 Spouses 31 High priest

Lee" poet Huts 18 Myth ending 19 Summary 47 Teasdale. et al. 48 Hungarian

20 Sorcere 23 "- for all' composer 51 Wearing 24 Butterine 25 Minority 27 Kind of television 30 Montreal

transport

53 Mount in Crete 54 One who

3 "Becwult," e.g. 4 Stargazer Glutinous Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

68 Snick

DOWN

first name

1 Milne's

6 Tropical 7 Algerian port 8 Powder

ingredient 9 Reflect George 11 Product of 6 D

12 Argot admiral

51 .Public spat 52 Joint put-out "— Old Cowhand' 57 Tennille of song 58 Roman poet

rhymed prophecies Officer,

for short

of Israel

the Great

33 Capital in

Plains

Ananias

Eugene O'Neill's

daughter

catchers

41 Malicious

crime

48 Jurist dis-

qualifier

Acknowle 50 Man in a

38 Pass

59 Network

© 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. All Rights Reserved

By Harris THE BETTER HALF, 1 HARRIS later and Tribues Syndicate, in

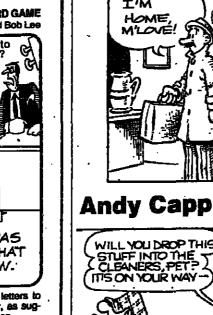
"My husband is so macho, it bothers him that his lips are pink instead of blue."



Jumbies: RAVEN MINUS SHEKEL FERRET

er: What you have to do in order to make money last—MAKE IT FIRST

Answer, HEWAS A







IF YOU SEE ANY

HERE, AND TELL US

WHAT THEY'RE DOING

I'VE GOT TO GO

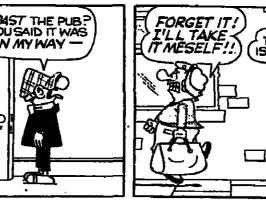
THE OVEN!

TO BRIDGE CLUB, DEAR! YOUR DINNER IS IN

COYOTES, COME BACK







Col. Gritz gets one-year in Thailand

NAKHON PHANOM, Thailand (R) - Ex-Green Beret commando James (Bo) Gritz, given a one-year suspended prison sentence for illegally possessing a powerful radio set, said Friday he would continue his private mission to rescue Americans he believes are still Prisoners of War (POW) in Indochina

He told Reuters after hearing the sentence: "the work will not be finished until our prisoners are home.'

Three other former U.S. soldiers and Lynn Standerwick, 25. daughter of an American pilot shot down over Laos in 1971, were also given one-year suspended terms. In addition they and Gritz, 44, were fined 3,000 baht (about \$130) on the illegal possession charge.

The radio was said to have been used by the group during an abo-rtive raid Gritz said he led into Laos last November in search of American prisoners.

It was found last month in a house used by Gritz and his colleagues in this northeastern Thai

town near the frontier with Laos. Gritz's raid ended in failure after his squad of former commandos was ambushed by anti-Communist insurgents in Laos. One American commando was captured and later ransomed.

has demanded maximum pun-

ishment for three government

ministers accused of involvement

in a huge corruption network hea-

ded by the brother of the late Pre-

The demand was issued by the

court of ethics, which last month

sentenced 58-year-old Ismat

Sadat and three of his sons to a

year's detention for frauds alleged

to have netted 125 million Egy-

The three government mem-

bers named in the statement were

Supply Minister, Ahmed Nouh,

in Metwaii Solima

BY CHARLES GOREN

©1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as

♦K7 ♥Q6432 ♦AQJ **♦**983

You are the dealer. What ac-

A. - While your hand counts

to 13 points, we are not sure

that it is worth an opening

bid. The trouble is that most

of your points are in your

short suits, where they are

not pulling their full weight.

Suppose that you open one

heart and partner responds

two clubs-your options are

all unpleasant. This hand is

going nowhere unless part-

Q.2 - North-South

vulnerable, as South you

♦J65 ♥KJ1092 ♦75 **♣**J94

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

A. - It is true that your side

certainly holds the balance of

power, but what can you do?

Any contract above two

hearts could be hazardous

unless partner has a good fit.

And to double purely on

point count risks presenting

the opponents with a game

they could not make other-

wise - these days opponents

have learned not to overcall

on a broken long suit and lit-

tle else. Pass. Partner still

has a chance to contest the

Q.3-East-West vulnerable.

4KQJ9853 ™6 ♦5 4J1093

The bidding has proceeded:

West North East South

A. - Some sort of preemptive

bid is in order-it's just a

question of whether you

should bid three spades or

four. We think that three

spades is sufficient. You can't

be sure that the opponents

have a game, particularly

since partner might have

quite a good hand with

1 ♥ Pass 1NT ?

What action do you take?

as South you hold:

ner can open. Pass.

North East South

1NT 24 ?

South you hold:

tion do you take?

ptian pounds (\$150 million).

sident Anwar Sadat.

3 ex-Egyptian ministers

linked to Sadat's brother

Bob Hawke sworn in as suspended term Australian prime minister

SYDNEY (R). - Former trade union boss Bob Hawke was sworn in Friday as prime minister of Australia, but indicated that his labour government might not be able initially to fulfil its election promises.

He told a radio interviewer that Labour had inherited an economic disaster, including a budget deficit estimated at 10 billion Australian dollars (\$11.6 billion).

He said he did not know how the deficit would affect promised tax cuts but "it will obviously restrict our ability to stimulate the Australian economy.'

Mr. Hawke and his 27-member government, composed mostly of Labour moderates, won power on March 5 in a landslide election vic-

They swept out Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser, who had headed a Liberal-National Party coalition for the past seven years and is expected to retire from politics soon. As Mr. Hawke was being sworn

in, the Liberals were electing a new leader, one-time rebel Andrew Peacock, 44, a former foreign Mr. Fraser, 53, the second

longest-serving prime minister in

Australian history, resigned as

Liberal leader after the election. Mr. Hawke has called a meeting of government ministers, union leaders and businessmen next month to discuss the economy and draw up a plan linking wage and price rises to combat inflation,

"It will be a matter of enlightened self-interest," Mr. Hawke said. "If we are going to best take advantage of the resurgence of economic strength next year, we must act sensibly in

Mr. Hawke, 54, head of the Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) in the 1970s, solved most labour disputes by getting all parties round a conference table and plans to run government in the same way.

Final votes were still being counted under a complicated preferential system but Labour, in power for only the second time in 34 years, was expected to have a 27-seat majority in the Lower now running at 11 per cent a year. House of Parliament.

Indian women demand equal rights

NEW DELHI (R) — Indian women's groups have urged the non-aligned summit to pay special attention to the plight of women in the Third World.

Describing the status of women as the world's oldest inequality. they called on the 101-member organisation to monitor violations of women's rights which, they said, were still occurring in many

Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi struck a small blow for women after taking over as leader ement this week. "All they ask is that they too be given the opportunity to develop

of the the Non-Aligned Mov-

their capabilities to function as equal human beings," she told delegates -- almost all of them But women's groups say alt-

hough the summit is being chaired by a woman, the question of women's rights appears to have been neglected to the sidelines.

state and government assembled in Delhi, the eight groups said in a statement issued to reporters that the Non-Aligned Movement had consistently supported the principles of women's equality and equal participation.

Mrs. Gandhi, who referred several times in her opening summit speech to "humankind" rather than "mankind", is the second woman chairman of the nonaligned movement. Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike of Sri Lanka cha-

In an appeal to the heads of tred the 1976 summit in Colombo.

CAIRO (R) - An Egyptian court President Sadat's rule. The charges could open the way for Pre-DALLAS (R) — A New Orleans sident Hosni Mubarak to resbuffle his cabinet and demonstrate his determination to erase corruption

Mr. Nouh was accused of conspiring with Ismat's eldest son Talat to import contaminated meat at a time when Egypt had plenty of good meat to spare.

from Egyptian society.

The court said Mr. Soliman provided the Sadat family with so many telephone lines and radio links that their communications channels were half as extensive as

those of the entire government. Mr. Zaghla was accused of diverting large amounts of iron and when he was chairman of the state tting swindles. in the later days of steel corporation.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as

◆AQ107 ♥AKJ984 ♦KQJ

Pass 2 Pass

The bidding has proceeded:

A .- Getting to slam is

without question-it is sim-

ply a matter of whether you

have a grand slam. You must

prepare for a cue-bidding se-

quence to find out whether

partner has the ace of

diamonds rather than club

values. The first stage is to

set the trump suit. Raise to

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as

♦A982 ♥K765 ♣J10752

North East South West

1 ↑ I ↑ Pass 2 ↑

What action do you take?

A .- Don't convert the double

to penalties by passing-you

can't even be completely sure

of defeating the contract.

Partner has made a pretty

strong bid, and you surely

have game in one of the un-

bid suits, possibly even slam!

The way to tell your partner

how much your hand has im-

proved is to start off with a

Q.6-As South, vulnerable,

◆1065 ♥ A1098 ⊕ J7 ◆ AQ105

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 O Pass 1 7 Pass

What action do you take?

A .- Partner's hand should

be worth about 21 points, and

your 11 put you on the

borderline of a slam. The fact

that you have two aces and a

wealth of intermediates

makes your hand con-

siderably better than an

11-pointer made up of queens

and jacks. Raise to four no

trump. If partner has plus

values, such as a five-card

suit, he should feel free to

contract for slam.

3 NT Pass ?

cue-bid of three spades.

you hold:

three spades.

South you hold:

Dble Pass ?

South West North East

What do you bid now?

Industry Minister Fuad Abu Zaghla and Communications Minister. All three were accused of abe-

South you hold:

GOREN BRIDGE

7 U.S. police officers charged with assault

black told a court it took him a month to recover after white police officers beat him up during an investigation to find the killer of another white policeman.

"They stomped on my chest and stomach." Clarence Green, 31, said at the trial of seven white policemen accused of civil rights vio-

The charges have been filed by four blacks, while dozens more have compalined they were intimidated and assaulted by police during the hunt for the killer of 23-year-old patrolman Gregory Neupert in New Orleans, in Nov-

ember 1980. Two supsects and two other blacks were killed during the search by police who said they ope-

ned fire in self-defence. Dallas because of intense publicity over the case in New Orleans.

along with Ervin Hughes, Robert Davis and Johnny Brownlee, told the all-white jury of seven women and five men that police picked him up for questioning one mor-ning at 8.30 a.m. and did not release him until 10 p.m.

Dr. Ronald Spencer, who examined him in bospital, testified that he found "soft tissue injuries" under Green's rib cage.

Another witness, Raymond Hughes, said that during questioning detectives forced a shovel handle under his armpits while he was handcuffed from behind and suspended him in the air.

Detective Oris Buckner, a black policeman who has testified under promise of immunity from prosecution, said one interrogation tactic was to hit suspects with a thick, hard-bound copy of the city The trial has been shifted to directory. Another device, he said, was to twist plastic bags around their heads to make them Green, who filed the charges choke for air.

Empress Zita reveals secret

VIENNA (R) - Austria's last convent in the Swiss village of Zizempress said in an interview published Thursday that Crown Prince Rudolf, who died mys-; teriously with his lover in a hunting lodge in Mayerling in 1889, was murdered for political rea-

The tragic love affair between 17-year-old Mary Vetsera and the 30-year-old prince, already married to a Belgian princess, rocked the devoutly Catholic Habsburg dynasty and has been portrayed in many plays and films seen by millions.

Former empress Zita, 90, told the Vienna daily Kronen Zeitung in Thursday's interview that Rudolf and Mary had not committed suicide, as officially announced, but were murdered in the lodge iust outside Vienna.

Banished from Austria 64 years ago after the Habsburg monarchy collapsed in the debris of World War I, ex-empress Zita spoke at her home, a former Franciscan

Looking frail in the black mouming dress she has worn since her husband ex-emperor Karl died in 1922, Zita said the imperial family had sworn to Rudolf's father, emperor Franz Josef, never to reveal the truth of the murders.

She did not name the assassins or specify their motives, but said she would make known documents at a future date. Rudolf, only son of Franz Josef

and empress Elisabeth who was herself later stabbed to death by an anarchist in Geneva, has been depicted by historians as a young rebel. His death has been a constant source of speculation.

Rudolf was succeeded as heir by Archduke Franz Ferdinand, whose assassination at Srajevo in 1914 sparked off World War L ending in the disintegration of the Austro-Hungarian empire and the exiling of the imperial family from

'Mr. Untouchable' turns informer

NEW YORK (R) - "Mr. Untouchable," one of the biggest heroin dealers in U.S. history, has turned informer and provided evidence leading to the arrest of eight former top associates on murder-conspiracy charges, officials said.

U.S. attorney John Martin said Thursday that thanks to information given by drug dealer Leroy Barnes the eight men had been arrested for plotting four underworld killings in the 1970s and leading a heroin distribution ring called "the council."

Barnes, 50, is now serving a life term in jail. He hoped to win a presidential pardon by turning state's evidence, Mr. Martin said.

The tall, elegantly-dressed black man operated a Harlem drug ring that for two decades until his imprisonment in 1978 dumped \$1 million worth of heroin and cocaine into eastern U.S. cities every month.

Called "Mr. Untouchable" and bad, bad Leroy," he was once alleged to have offered \$1 million bribe to a New York policeman.

Mr. Martin said Barges's associates have been arrested after months of cooperation by the drug dealer, now under special protection in a federal prison. The eight arrested men, cha-

rged with murder-conspiracy and drug-dealing, were accused of plotting the murder of four underworld figures in the mid-1970s. The victims were named as

Oswaldo "Atlantic City Pete" Peterson, Oscar "Chink" Wilson, Joseph Beechum and Carmine Puglisi.

Mr. Martin said the four were killed because it was thought they were informing on or interfering with "the council".

Barnes's cooperation would be

made known to President Reagan when the drug dealer applies for a pardon or a reduction of his life sentence, Mr. Martin said, Only the president can pardon him. Last December Barnes's girifriend was killed in Manhattan bar after newspapers reported that he was cooperating with aut-

MacLean cremated in Moscow

MOSCOW (R) — The body of former British diplomat Donald MacLean, honoured by the Soviet state as a "faithful son and citizen", was cremated here Friday after a short civil ceremony.

MacLean, who spied for Moscow and fled to the Soviet Union in 1951, died on March 6 at the age of 69.

His death was announced to the Soviet public in the official newspaper Izvestia, which hailed Donald Donaldovich MacLean" as a "a man of high moral qualities, and a convinced Com-

The Izvestia obituary, signed by a group of comrades", made no direct reference to MacLean's career as a spy but said he "devoted all his conscious life to the high ideals of social progress and humanism, peace and international cooperation."

His funeral was organised by the Moscow Institute of World Economy and International relations, where he worked as an analyst of British foreign policy.

U.S. diplomat expelled from **Soviet Union**

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet Union has expelled a United States diplomat on charges of spying after saying it caught him red-handed with secret communications equipment.

An announcement from the KGB security police said Richard Osborne, a first secretary in the U.S. embassy's economic section, had been declared persona non grata for "actions incompatible with diplomatic status."

A spokesman for the embassy confirmed Thursday that Mr. Osborne had been told to leave and said he and his wife Mary were packing and getting ready for their departure. But he refused to comment on

the KGB's charges and in Washington the State Department also declined to discuss the issue. The brief KGB statement said

Mr. Osborne had been caught red-handed on March 7 with portable radio equipment which "Marisat" communications satellites.

Western diplomats said Mr. Osborne's expulsion did not appear to be an act of retaliation as no Soviet diplomats had been thrown out of the U.S. for more than a

Gen. Suharto re-elected

JAKARTA (R) - President Subarto was sworn in Friday for a further term of office but indicated that, after 17 years, his leadership of Indonesia was drawing to a close.

He told the people's consultative congress in a brief speech that the five-year term would be the "last phase" for the so-called 1945 generation which fought the war of independence against the Dutch. "I am part of this 1945 generation," he added.

The 920-member congress, which meets every five years, issued several "guidelines on state policy" but Gen. Suharto mentioned only one of them.

This was on the legal separation of politics and religion, which, according to officials close to him. the president sees as one of his last statutory tasks.

The congress said that all political parties must adhere to the secular state ideology of Pancasila. Its decision effectively disabled the Muslim opposition, in the world's most populous Muslim nation, by preventing it cam-paigning on religious grounds.

27 hurt in Japanese air crash

TOKYO (R) - A YS-11 aircraft crashed and broke in half on approach to Nakashibetsu Airport Friday injuring 27 of the 51 people aboard, police said.

The aircraft, carrying 47 passengers and a crew of four, was on a domestic flight from Sapporo, capital of Japan's northern island of Hokkaido, 300 kilometres to the west.

A police spokesman said four of the injured were in a serious condition.

He said the plane came down about 800 metres short of the runway, and the Japan Broadcasting Corporation (NHK) reported that it came to rest in a

Botswana hopes Nkomo will leave

GABORONE (R) - The Botswanan government, clearly embarrassed by the unexpected presence of fugitive Zimbabwean opposition leader Joshua Nkomo, has said it is waiting to hear of his plans to move on.

The veteran nationalist fled Zimbabwe early this week saying Prime Minister Robert Mugabe was planning to have him killed -a charge the Zimbabwean government dismissed as rubbish.

"The next thing to happen here will be his departure," a Bot-swanan official said.

The pro-government Herald newspaper in Harare has already accused Botswana of "declaring war" on Zimbabwe by admitting the "old bull elephant" of Matabeleland and Gaborone is clearly nervous about the possible impact on relations with Zimbabwe. The British High Commission

(embassy) in Gaborone declined to comment on where Mr. Nkomo might go next. The United States, the Soviet Union and other countries represented here joined Britain in saying they had no knowledge of his movements.

They said Mr. Nkomo had made no formal application for travel documents. The Zimbabwean authorities confiscated his passport last month as he tried to leave the country to address an international conference in Czechoslovakia.

A British spokesman said neither Mr. Nkomo of his aides had visited the High Commission or applied for a British visa. But asked if any approach had

been made on Mr. Nkomo's behalf, the spokesman said: "I can't comment any further." Asked if the commission was involved in any talks on Mr.

Nkomo's fate, he said: "No comment on that." Asked if the British were involved in the affair in any way, he

said: "No comment." Usually reliable sources said the fugitive politician was staying in one of the government-owned guest houses near the presidential palace in the centre of the

Botswanan capital. In Harare, investigations coninued into the circumstances of his flight into exile and informed sources said his wife Joanna, daughter Thandiwe and son-in-law for questioning.

Mugabe unflustered

NEW DELHI (R) — Zimbabwe's Prime Minister Robert Mugabe Friday denied allegations by runaway opposition leader Joshua Nkomo that he wanted him killed.

"That's not true. I can assure vou. I am not an assassin," Mr. Mugabe told a press conference in New Delhi, where he is attending the non-aligned summit.

"I don't know if he intends to stay in Botswana," Mr. Mugabe said. "He is welcome back home." Asked why Mr. Nkomo's wife and other members of his family in Zimbabwe had been detained for

questioning, Mr. Mugabe said: "I think those who arrested her and some members of his family will have reasons for doing so. People don't get arrested without

'A spent force'

LONDON (R) — Fortner British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, who engineered Zimbabwe's independence, said its opposition leader, Joshua Nkomo. was a disappointed man and a spent force.

Mr. Joshua Nkomo

He had been asked in a television interview Wednesday night whether Mr. Nkomo's political career inside Zimbabwe was finished now that the ZAPU Party leader had gone to Botswana.

"I think it probably already was over," replied Lord Carrington, "I think Mr. Nkomo was a spent force except for his name and presence. He is getting on and was a disappointed man.

Looking back, and it would have been very difficult for him, if he'd accepted the presidency of Zimbabwe at the time of independence this would have been a happier outcome for him.

But, of course, he wanted not just the shadow of power but the substance of power."

Story of flight

GABORONE (R) - Zimbabwe's opposition leader Joshua Nkomo, exhausted by his flight into exile, had to be carried some of the way into Botswana by bodyguards, informed sources said

here Thursday. The veteran nationalist who weighs (137 kilogrammes) did not cross the frontier disguised as an old woman in a Landrover as alleged by authorities in Zimbabwe,

the sources said. Their version was that he was driven by car lose to the border. either on Monday or Tuesday night, along with 10 or 11 aides. mostly bodyguards. Then the party had to trek for some distance across the bush to leave Zim-

babwe in secret. After a while the 65-year-old politician became tired and was carried by bodyguards, the sou-

Once_inside Botswana be was met by another car which whisked him to Francistown where he rested before travelling on to Gaborone, Botswana's capital, according to the sources who said

rces said.

they could give no more details. The incident sent tremors through the administration of President Quett Masire, which is a partner with Zimbabwe in such organisations as the Southern African Development Coordination Conference (SADCC), the main regional development body.

Dr. Masire knows Mr. Nkomo well from pre-independence days when Botswana was a transit point of refugees from Matabeleland fleeing Rhodesia during the Civil

But he is also close to Prime Minister Robert Mugabe, whom Mr. Nkomo has accused of ordering his death and forcing him to flee to safety.

resentatives speaker Thomas

O'Neill, a Democrat, told rep-

orters: "I can't conceive of it pas-

sing the House under present cir-

He added: "Nobody wants to

see the Marxists taking over... but

there is a strong feeling the pre-

sident is going too far and the

whole situation is grossly ove-

'Rebels are winning'

SAN SALVADOR (R) -El Sal-

vador's former deputy defence

Congress, Reagan at odds over extra military aid to Salvador

cumstances."

rblown."

WASHINGTON (R) -- President Reagan faces a major selling job to get a sceptical Congress to approve an extra \$110 million in military aid for El Salvador's government in its battle against leftist

The president disclosed his aid request in a speech Thursday in which he declared that the United States was trying to stop the advance of communism in central Атетіса. But Congressmen from both

parties voiced strong opposition.

ders began peace negotiations with the insurgents. Mr. Reagan is asking for almost double the \$60 million he ori-

ginally considered and four times the \$26 million already approved by Congress. In addition, he asked for \$20 million in military aid to other Central American nations and \$168 million in economic aid, inc-

luding \$67 million for El Salvador.

Commenting on the president's

Several said they would vote for new aid only if Salvadorean leaminister said Thursday that the leftist guerrillas who captured him last June were winning the civil Col. Francisco Adolfo Castillo

was speaking on the guerrillas' Radio Venceremos a day after former insurgent commander Alejandro Montenegro appeared on government television to urge his old comrades in arms to lay down their weapons.

The colonel called on "honest" military men to seek recrequest, House of Rep- onciliation with the guerrillas.

NEWS BRIEF

Japanese professor disarms burglar

LONDON (R) - A would-be burglar who entered the hotel room of Satosai Takahashi, a Japanese academic of slight build, left pleading for his life, London's central criminal court was told. Mr. Takahashi disarmed him of an icon bar, felled him with his fists and feet, broke his nose and frogmarched him to the hotel's security office where the man beg-ged: "Get this madman off me." The alleged robber, 27-year-old William Chambers, denied a charge of burglary while armed with an offensive weapon when his trial opened Thursday. With the consent of the judge, Mr. Takahashi, 36, an English lecturer and karate black belt, demonstrated his technique by throwing his bewigged and gowned attorney off his feet in

4 Peruvians die in street violence

the courtroom.

LIMA (R) - Peruvian police said Friday they had arrested four leaders of the trade union confederation that called a national strike during which four people died in street violence. A spokesman said there had been riots on the outskirts of Lima during the day and that the four deaths occurred when a policeman travelling on a bus opened fire at about 500 demonstrators who stoned the vehicle. The spokesman said 500 people had been arrested during the strike, including the four officials of the Communistorientated general workers' con-

Oueen Elizabeth to return home

federation of Peru.

VANCOUVER (R) — Queen Elizabeth returns home to Britain Friday after formally ending her 26-day visit to the Caribbean and North America at a glittering banquet given by Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Tradeau Thursday night. But she struck a sombre note by referring to the impact of the world recession on the countries she had visited. Wearing a royal blue velvet gown embroidered with sapphires and crystals and a diamond tiara with a large necklace of sapphires, the queen entered the banquet hall to the applause of the 400 guests. In an after-dinner speech, she spoke of the economic problems affecting the five countries on her tour-Jamaica, the Cayman Islands, Mexico, the United States and Canada. Elsewhere in her speech, Queen Elizabeth caused laughter when she said the royal yacht Britannia looked like a floating flowershop-a reference to the way children have emerged from crowds in towns and cities to

Shuttle flight put off till April

shower the queen with bouquets.

KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE. Florida (R) - The inaugural flight of the U.S. space shuttle, Challenger, originally set for late January, has been postponed until April because of a dust problem. Space agency officials said the target date for the start of the sixth shuttle mission had been pushed back again, from between March 26 and 31 to "no earlier" than the first week in April. The latest delay was caused by concern over the discovery of a layer of dust on-Challenger's cargo-the first of three satellites which will comprise a new orbital communications system for the U.S.: space agency.

Judge orders protest camp to be closed

LONDON (R) - A British judge

has ordered the closure of 2 women's peace camp that has. become a symbol for anti-nuclear campaigners across Western Europe. The camp is on public grassland next to Greenham Common air base, west of London. which is due to be the first base in Europe to receive U.S. Cruise missiles. High Court judge David Croom-Johnson gave the local council for the area authority to evict 113 women who appeared in court Thursday and barred others from taking their places. The women, who have taken it in turns to live at the camp for the past 18 months, said they would dely the eviction order and return.

Vii τt.

hic his But **Nus** inci ugh